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THE CITIZEN

Devoted to the Interests of the Mountain People

Anowledge is Power-and the way to keep up with modern Knowledge is to read a good

Vol. XX.

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BEREA, MADISON COUNTY, KENTUCKY, JUNE 26, 4919.

One Dollar and Fifty Cents Per Year.

No. 52.

July Fourth Plans

During the war the customary expenditure of money for July Fourth celebrations was greatly cut down. It was obvious that all the gunpowder that could be produced was needed to discharge at the country's foes. This year that use for explosives has passed. The same crowd that always spent millions in fire works and noise. will be wishing to blow out again. Sensible people in Berea are hoping that the desire for just that kind of a racket has been somewhat modified by the experience of war. Except for those rightfully exempted from service, patriotic young men should have heard all the banging they want in France and at the camps.

An inexpensive fireworks display may be justified, But a great many towns used to go into absurd extravagances in this line for so transient a pleasure.

Many towns are going to combine July Fourth celebration with a Welcome Home to the soldiers. Such an occasion will never recur again. It may be pardonable to spend some money for such a demonstration, although the soldiers themselves would prefer to see it go into more substantial benefits.

Except for these demonstrations, the country will be foolish if it burns up as much money July Fourth as it used to. The Small Boy must have some outlet, but a single bunch of firecrackers should do him as well as a

The most appropriate features are athletic sports, picnics, patriotic addresess to emphasize the meaning of the day, community singing of patriotic songs, parades of military and other organizations, and like observances. It should be a day in which children take a prominent part, as it is arranged largely for their education. This kind of celebration is not expensive, and no town should let go the chance to promote patriotic feeling on this occasion.

FERGUS FALLS, MINN. SWEPT BY CYCLONE

200 KILLED, HUNDREDS OF HOMES SWEPT AWAY IN THE PATH OF STORM.

A Great Northern Train Was Blown From the Tracks, 21 Miles West of Fergus Falls, Only the Engine and One Car Remaining on Track.

Western Newspaper Union News Service. St. Paul.-Reports of a severe cyclone at Fergus Falls, with more than a hundred homes leveled in that city, were received here. A Great Northern train was blown from the tracks 21 miles west of Fergus Falls, only the pecial train with doctors, nurses and railway officials. Other national guard units in the Twin Cities and in towns near Fergus Falls were ordered to hold themselves in readiness for guara and police duty. Shortly before a severe electrical and wind storm, accompanied by a heavy rainfall, struck the Twin Cities, further interfering with telegraph and telephone service. The train which was blown from the track of the Great Northern was the westbound Oriental Limited crack train of the railroad. It runs between Chicago and Seattle, using the Chicago-Burlington and Quincy tracks between St. Paul and Chicago.

TRADE BOOM PREDICTED

In Statement Issued By Pan-American Director General.

Washington .- Prediction that the fiscal year beginning July 1 will witness peace-time expansion in trade between the United States and Latin-American countries, adding substantially to the \$5,000,000,000 gain made during the four years of the war, as shown in last year's total of \$1,700,-

CONTENTS

PAGE 1. - Editorial: July Fourth are idle because they have no material Plans. - News Review of Cur- or machinery. rent Events. State News; U. S. News.

PAGE 2. — Berea Graduates Marry. cie, were indicted by a Federal Topics.

PAGE 3. - Serial Story.

PAGE 4. - Locals. - Mrs. Muncy Obituary. - Church Notes.

PAGE 5. - Good Roads Meeting. Kentucky's First Oil Well. Noted Berea Graduate Dies.

PAGE 6. - Farm and Markets. Hints for Housewives.

PAGE 7. - Sunday School Lesson. dispatched 1,800 to camps at Dover and Fourth of July Article.

PAGE 8. - Eastern Kentucky News

000,000, was made in a statement is-sued by John Barrett, Director General of the Pan-American Union.

Order To Advance Is Awaited. Coblenz.-More than a million Allied soldiers of the occupied areas stood ready for a further invasion of Germany. The troop concentration or-dered by Marshal Foch has been completed up and down the Rhine, and every detail has been worked out for an advance, in the event that Germany does not accept the terms. Even orders to the civilian populations, printed in French, English and German, as framed by Marshal Foch, are ready for distribution in the districts and villages taken over by the Allies. One order in the military regulations says that any house from which civilians may fire upon the marching troops shall be burned immediately. Anothe order provides for the requisitioning of the railways, telegraphs, telephones engine and one car remaining on the tracks. Governor Burnquist, Adjuard other utilities as well as those emtant-General Rhinow and 75 men of ployed in these services. About 100,the Sanitary Corps, Fourth Regiment, the final order comes. The concentra-000 Americans will move forward if est display of strength since the armistice.

> Royalty Plans Tour of America. Washington.-More world celebri ties probably will visit the United States during the coming year than in all previous history. Dr. Epiticle Peson, President of Brazil, is the first of the long line of statesmen and royal personages whom the United States is to entertain. The Prince of Wales is to visit America in August. King Albert and Queen Elizabeth of Belgium, Queen Maria of Roumania, and perhaps President Raymond Poincaire, of France, will arrive later. Gen eral Petain has expressed his intention of visiting the United States, and an invitation is to be extended to Marshal Foch.

Materials Needed In Belgium. Brussels.—Cardinal Mercler, granting a special audience at Malines to Frederick L. Collins, American publisher, authorized the publication of this statement apropos of President Wilson's visit to Belgium: "America will be rendering an invaluable service to Belgium in the early fulfillment of President Wilson's promises of practical assistance in the way of raw materials, machinery and credit. In the tittle city of Malines we have 30,000 workers, most of whom involuntarily

Round-Up of Alleged Swindlers. Indianapolis, Ind .- The round-up of number of alleged swindlers at Mun-—A Memorial Cup. — General Grand Jury. Caplases for their ar-rest are being prepared. It is reported that more than 20 men have been

> Troops Resent Order To Embark. London.-The mutinous conduct of troops at Sutton Camp, Surrey, which has been growing for the past 10 days, culminated in the formation of a committee by the men and their refusal to salute or to obey orders. Two battalions of troops were sent to the camp in light fighting trim and with a machine gun. The troops arrested 400 men, among them the ringleaders, and Canterbury. The main grievance of the men was that they were being or dered to go to France.

When the Declaration Was Signed



Kentucky News

One hundred and twenty-five have tuberculosis and conditions harmony. are unhealthful, will spend July and August on the farm of Silas Mason, two and one-half miles of farm organizations for the confrom the city on the Versailles pike. tinuance of the federal employment Mr. Mason has given the use of the service because of the alarming lahouse and farm adjoining his home bor shortage in the farming districts place to the Public Health Associa- is a pretty good answer in itself to tion, which will be in charge of the the opponents of the service. summer camp.

Infanta Isabella, enroute for the terned German ships. United States. They sailed from Bordeaux last Thursday and are due ton last Thursday and are expected heaven and hell. in New York June 29.

ending at 7:00 o'clock Tuesday with almost no debate, appropriat- Before the receipt Louisville.

"It was a good, helpful rain," was the comment made at the station. 'And it fell nicely, not damaging was pretty general over the State. More showers are expected."

The rain has served, too, to afford a welcome relief from a period of hot weather which seemed unusually long for June.

of Thornton Creek, returned to Whitesburg on Tuesday from the own. mountains near Jenkins where he had been on a moonshine raid, and officer became separated from his ginia federation of labor because pesse of officials when he ran upon of the seating of a Negro as a meming a quantity of whiskey for boot- The action is deplorable, but it is legging, it is said. Deputy Sheriff possible to see progress in the fact Bates asked them to surrender, that the Negro was seated. whereupon one of them opened fire at close range. A battle followed. Luckily, however, for Bates, he escaped with only a shattered arm. and slight flesh wounds in the side chase of camp sites. Despite this and back. Bullets glanced his body action, Mr. Baker was subjected to at different points. One ball is said to have punctured his hat.

Candidates who have filed notification and declaration with Governor Black are as follows:

Republicans: Sherman Robins. Stanton, Representative Ninetyfourth district; J. Polk Turner, Hazard, State Senator, Thirty-third district; Clarence Miller, Irvine, State Senator, Twenty-ninth district; W. W. Jessee, Shelbyville, Railroad Commissioner, Second district; N. P. Howard, Salyersville, Representative of Magoffin and Advancement of Colored People in ter of national defense, as the success Knott; J. D. Lee, Path Fork, Repre- their convention at Cleveland, O., sor of Chancellor Scheldemann is insentative Ninety-eighth district; John A. Buser, Berlin, Representa- resolution calling on the American

Democrats: Albert Snider, Tay-(Continued on Page Pive)

U. S. News

Karl Muck, the disloyal Boston children from the open air schools symphony orchestra director, is to and homes in Lexington and Fayette be sent back to Germany, where county, where one or both parents the people are so much in need of

The appeal by the national board

Four hundred enemy aliens in-Nine officers and 217 enlisted men terned at Fort Oglethorpe were of the 113th Supply Train, who will sent to Charleston, S. C., under be demobilized at Camp Zachary guard to be embarked for Germany. Taylor, are on board the transport Most of them are sailors from in-

With the biggest winter wheat at New York July 1. Twenty-seven crop ever harvested in Kansas about Kentuckians of the 7th Cavalry, to come in, and with wheat selling who will receive their discharges at over \$2.25 a bushel, there is as from Brest on the cruiser Charles- many parts of Europe as between treaty itself.

There will be no objection to the During the twenty-four hours bill, which has passed the Senate ister, was present. morning, 2.78 inches rain fell, ac- ing \$500,000 for an American cemcording to the Weather Bureau at etery in France. It would be inex- ation of the uncompleted portion of the cusable to neglect the graves of our Austrian treaty. soldier dead over there.

Not many days in the year will gardens and crops. The only thing do for a transatlantic flight. The that did not need it was the field present theory is that the most faready for the harvest. The rain vorable time to start from New- text of the peace treaty. The allies foundland is just in advance of a are asked, the dispatch added, how far cyclone storm.

The number of marriages in Boston for the five months ending May 31 was the 'smallest in five years. Hundreds of the most eligible young Deputy Sheriff Maryland D. Bates, men have been following Mars, but Cupid should now come into his

Two thousand Richmond union tells of a hair-breadth escape. The men have withdrawn from the Virtwo desperate moonshiners carry-ber of the executive committee.

> Secretary Baker has been authorized by the Senate to proceed with negotiations now pending for pureriticism by Senator Lenroot and others for purchase of the site of ing to advices to the American peace Camp Menning, Columbus, Ga.

Soldiers are on guard in Fergus Falls, Minn., while work of clearing away the debris of the storm that struck that town is being pushed. The troops have been ordered to shoot looters on sight. Forty-four bodies of victims have 167 injured are in the hospitals.

The National Association for the this week, unanimously passed a

(Continued on Page Pive)

GERMANS SEND NOTE TO PARIS

Pilot o fArmy Plane Burned to Note Explaining Reparations Is Binding.

FOE MAKES PLEA FOR KAISER

Erzberger Also Asks Allies for Imme diate Admission to League and for Fixed Indemnity of \$25,000,000,000.

Paris, June 23.—The council of four from the German peace delegation ask- it was believed the Catholic center ing if Premier Clemenceau's note ex- and independent socialist parties also plaining the reparations clauses of the would finally agree to accept the terms, treaty was a binding part of the treaty at the Louisville cantonment, sailed much contrast between Kansas and and having the same force as the

The council at its morning session Baron Sonnino, the Italian foreign min-

note the council had resumed consider- ment no longer rules in Germany.

According to a Berlin dispatch, the German note to the peace conference cites twelve instances in which the covering note of the allied reply to the Germans announced concessions which are not contained in the altered they bind themselves to these concessions, and written confirmation is requested that the contents of the cov- dirigible R-34, which was about to ering note and the memorandum on these points form part of the new

Makes Plea for Kaiser.

Berne, June 23 .- Mathias Erzberger, (mentioned as probable head of the new German peace delegation) is reported to have sent a note to Premier Clemenceau as president of the peace conference, asking whether the allies will agree to the immediate admission of Germany to the league of nations. Herr Erzberger also desires to know If the powers will consent to the limitation of Germany's indemnity to 200 .-000,000,000 marks [\$25,000,000,000] and renounce their effort to have former Emperor William surrendered.

After futile all-day conferences with the various party factions the government declared itself unable to pick a new cabinet and decided to postpone the effort for 48 hours.

President Ebert has requested Herman Mueller, the majority socialist leader, to form a new cabinet, accorddelegation.

Uncertainty Over Germany.

Weimar, June 23.-It looks more and more as if Eduard David would be the successor not only of Philipp Scheidemann, the chancellor, but of Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau, the foreign minister. His tenure of both offices undoubtedly will be only for a short time, but he is accustomed to that, been recovered from the ruins and having held the position of president of the national assembly for a brief period, being supplanted by Konstantin Fehrenbach.

Opposition to Gustav Noske, minis creasing, while Doctor Mueller is on record as declining the premiership. tive Bracken and Pendleton dis- Federation of Labor to exclude the German constitution President Ebert railway brotherhoods from affilia- is not required to resign, as he is not tion unless they rescind provisions responsible for the cabinet's acts.

NEWS REVIEW OF CURRENT EVENTS

Uncertain Attitude of Germany Toward the Peace Treaty Up to Friday, June 20.

SCHEIDEMANN CABINET OUT

Foch Ready for Invasion From Three Sides-Turks Ask That Their Country Be Left Intact-Americans Cross Mexican Border and Punish the Villistas.

By EDWARD W. PICKARD.

"We had better sign the treaty and have done with it. But whether we sign it or not, the worst is yet to come; and we refuse to cheer up.

That was apparently the attitude of the greater part of the German people on Friday, June 20, when this review was written. However, at that time it was impossible to forecast the action that would be taken by the German government, and the news columns will tell whether the treaty was signed or rejected, by Monday, June 23, at 6:49 p. m., Paris time, when the time limit given the Germans expired.

Friday morning came the news that the Scheidemann cabinet had fallen and that Gustav Noske, minister of defense, was to become head of the new government. This was taken to mean that the treaty would be signed, as Scheidemann had been the chief opponent of such a course. It was be-lieved that the rule of Noske would amount to a disfatorship. Another story was that Bernstorff would succeed Brockdorff-Rantzau as head of the commission

Disappointed, dismayed and thoroughly angered by the final refusal of the allies to ameliorate to any marked extent the terms imposed on them, the Germans raged impotently against their fate. Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau and his colleagues on the peace commission united in advising the cabinet to refuse to sign the treaty, the cabinet to refuse to sign the treaty.

In the national assembly at Welmar, where the treaty was to be considered, the majority socialists, it was of the peace conference received a note believed, would vote for signing, and

Throughout the former empire sentiment was diverse. The south ern states, which would suffer most from invasion, were in favor of yieldconsidered this note, calling in its ex- ing, while the northern provinces, esperts on the question of reparation. pecially East Prussia, were strongly opposed to such a course. Naturally, the old pan-German element was bit-

> Meanwhile, the allied nations, taking no chances, made every preparation for immediate action in case of rejection of the treaty. They had Germany encircled by a ring of guns and bayonets and were ready to invade from three sides, while on the north the guns of their fleets would enforce a renewed blockade by sea. Before the week ended the British grand fleet was on a war footing. The immense start across the Atlantic, was made ready to sail for the Baltic, and her companion, R-33, set out on a cruise that was to include the Kiel canal.

> Land operations, carefully planned by Marshal Foch and his colleagues called for swift advance by the Relgian and British forces through Essen and the Ruhr district to the fortress of Minden; by the Americans up the valley of the Main to the Bohemian border, cutting Germany in two; by the French to the fortress of Ulm and then to Nordlingen, outflanking the strong Rhoen mountain defenses. At the same time, according to the plan, the Czecho-Slovaks would attack from the south and the Poles from the east, and it is believed the great industrial district of Silesia would thus be occu-

The allied command estimated the available German forces at not more than half a million, and the larger part of those are concentrated in the east where preparations had been made for warfare with the Poles. Also, the Germans are notoriously weak in the matter of railway and motor truck transport and have few airplanes left. It did not seem that they could possibly make any powerful and prolonged resistance to an invasion, but Marshal Foch planned his operations to meet the maximum strength the enemy might summon.

The resignation of Premier Orlando of Italy and his cabinet, it was feared, might have an embarrassing effect on the peace negotiations, as Orlando was a member of the council of four. Orlando had addressed the chamber of deputies in defense of the peace treaty and called for a vote of confidence, which was refused through the efforts of the socialists. The king reserved decision as to acceptance of the resignation.

(Continued on Page Two.)

School News from Various Departments

BEREA GRADUATES MARRY

June 19, at 3:00 p. m.

Christian church in that city.

Both bride and groom are well uate has. and favorably known in Berea, Mrs. So the educated youth should

ent occupied by S. L. Baird and practical experience. If the edufamily. Mr. Houk will assume the cated young person gets that atduties of Farm Superintendent for titude, and combines it with the the coming year as a commissioned mental training the school has worker of the College.

The many friends of the young fine success. couple wish them great joy and happiness in their wedded life, and great success in the important position they have been called upon

EDUCATED YOUNG PEOPLE IN

Many business men used to say they did not want too highly educated young people. They were particularly opposed to college graduates. They thought the latter were apt to enter a business office with a "Know It All" feeling. Also they had had a pretty easy life during their four years at college, which sometimes gave them a leisurely habit and distaste for hard work

During recent years the sentiment of the business world has radically changed. High school graduates are preferred to the product of the grammar school, and college young people to the high school element.

But it is a mighty good thing for young folks who have had the advantages of education, to consider that sometimes the school graduate has acquired habits and mental attitudes that work against his success for a time at least.

The educated person should in-

(variably adopt a modest demeanor, Acting in the belief that it-is not He should never show for one mogood for man to be alone, Eugene ment that he feels that he knows a Houk, by consent of Miss Margaret thing more than anyone else. If Snowden, who was also actuated he entertains that conviction by the same conviction, took unto secretly, he should conceal it most himself a wife in the person of the carefully. And he should rememabove mentioned young lady, on ber that uneducated people have been getting another kind of val-The young couple were married uable training in a different way. in Nicholasville at the home of the If they have been observant, they Rev. Mr. Nutter, paster of the may have learned more about human nature than the school grad-

Houk having graduated from the consider very deferentially what Vocational department last year, men and women of all types have and Mr. Houk being a graduate of to tell him. He should listen much the Normal and Vocational depart- more than he should talk. He should realize that he has much to They will begin housekeeping at learn from simple minded and unan early date in the house at pres- lettered people who have had

given him, he should go on to a

A MEMORIAL CUP

849 Yale Station, New Haven, Conn. June 10, 1919. Dear Mr. and Mrs. Frost,

The Yale students who composed the First Provisional R. O. T. C. Battery at Camp Jackson last summer, commanded by your son. Cleveland C. Frost, wish to send you some small token in memory of him. We are, therefore, mailing to you a little loving cup to symbolize our grief at losing him whom we so (Adv.) admired and loved. It is little we can do to honor him, but we hope this will forever serve as a sign of our great admiration for one who so nobly gave his life for his coun-

Most sincerely yours, James B. Gray. The cup has arrived. The following inscription is engraved upon

In Memory of Our Beloved Commander CLEVELAND CADY FROST First Lieutenant, F. A., U. S. A., From the members of the First Provisional R. O. T. C. Battery,

Camp Jackson, S. C.

DO YOU LIVE IN THE MOUNTAINS?

Attend Mountain Summer School

With Chautauqua Features

BEREA COLLEGE, BEREA, KENTUCKY

June 6 to July 11 and July 11 to August 15

Pleasure and profit for aspiring teachers, business men, farmers, discharged soldiers, house-keepers, Christian workers. "Something good for every comer!"

Daily discussions of things important for the mountains, meeting mountain leaders from eight states.

Berea Faculty includes many of the greatest educators and speakers of the south, and summer brings in other noted men, moving pictures, entertainments,

Berea is religious, non-sectarian, "works with all followers of Christ." Tobacco, prohibited except to confirmed users over thirty. Only conditions for entrance that you live in the mountains and are above fifteen.

Best location, climate and equipment.

Note two things: The studies and entertainments are the best, and especially adapted to people from the

And the prices are made right for young folks just getting a start-"cheaper than staying at home."

Address The Secretary, Marshall E. Vaughn,

Berea, Kentucky

More Highway Construction This Year Than Ever Before in Our History

By D. F. HOUS FON, Secretary of Agriculture



During the war it was necessary to curtail roadconstruction operations because of the difficulties of securing transportation, materials and the requisite services. Now that the situation has changed the work will be actively resumed. It is not believed that the people of the nation can wait for prices to recede before beginning industrial operations. Such hesitation will add to the difficulties instead of lightening them.

The congress at its last session not only made available from the federal treasury large additional sums for construction in co-operation with the states but also

made important amendments to the federal aid road act. These amendments will have the effect of greatly lessening the difficulties of selecting and constructing needed roads.

The amount of federal funds available for road building on March 1 was over \$72,900,000, which under the law must be matched by at least ual amount from the states, making a total of \$145,800,000, including approximately \$9,800,000 from federal and state sources for roads in the national forests. On July 1 \$95,000,000 more of federal funds will become available for general road purposes and \$4,000,000 for national forest roads, which, with equal contributions from the states, will provide an additional \$198,000,000 for federal aid road work, making an aggregate sum of \$343,800,000 for the calendar year.

In other words the 1919 program for federal aid road building is greater than any previous annual road-building accomplishments in this country. It is so great, in fact, that the states will undoubtedly defer taking up part of the federal funds until 1920, because experienced contracting and engineering organizations must be developed from the stagnant conditions of the war period.

The states and their civil subdivisions also will carry on a large amount of road work without federal aid. The present indications are that approximately \$280,000,000 will be spent in this way.

The indications are that a larger volume of highway construction will be accomplished this season than in any previous year in the history of

Japan Insists Upon the Principle of Racial Equality With Her Allies

By KIROKI HAYASHI, Keriogijuku University

There is no doubt that Japan has been discriminated against racially by western nations, and she is still suffering this indignity and injustice. In America and the British colonies the common people of Japan are excluded by law. Those few that are permitted to live in these countries have to submit to vexing restrictions in regard to land, and therefore are deprived of full liberty in regard to natural development and prosperity. This is quite contrary to the idea of the league of nations as well as against the dictates of justice and humanity. The Anglo-Saxons are proud to proclaim that they have been fighting for liberty, and especially for the rights and liberties of the small nations. Japan will hold them to this profession.

Are the leaders in the formation of the league of nations prepared to banish all discrimination against the Japanese race and assure our people the same liberties they themselves now enjoy?

Unless the league of nations guarantees to every race full freedom for the natural development of its talents and opportunities it becomes no more than a trust for the larger nations to guarantee their own superiority and present advantageous position; in other words, it becomes a pretext for the retention of unfair monopoly, if there be any monopoly that can be fair. Japan feels seriously bound to call the attention of the allies to the above point as of vital importance to her. It is a principle for which Japan must stand up at all hazards. Japan's right to racial equality is still ignored. Will the league continue this injustice?

CURRENT EVENTS

(Continued From Page One) The German peace envoys had an unpleasant time last week. On their departure from Versailles with the final draft of the treaty they were assailed by a mob and several of them were injured by thrown stones-an unfortunate occurrence for which the French authorities made ample apology. No sooner had the envoys reached Welmar than some sixty Spartacan prisoners, released from the jail there, attacked the castle where the members of the government live. It was their intention, apparently, to selze Ebert, Scheidemann and Noske, but they made so much noise that the surprise assault failed and the troops drove off the Spartacans. The Germans considered this occurrence more important than it appeared to be on

The Turkish peace mission was received informally by the council of ten at the Qual d'Orsay and its members set forth the Turkish situation. They asserted Turkey was forced into the war by the Young Turks, the former German emperor and Russia's de sire to grab Constantinople and that the Turkish people were not responsible for it. The grand vizier pleaded for the preservation of Turkey intact and the withdrawal of Greek troops from Smyrna, saying that course alone could insure peace among 300,000,000 Mohammedans throughout the world. The council gave no intimation of its intentions, but it has been generally admitted that the empire of the sultan is to be dismembered.

Chancellor Renner submitted to the allied delegates his detailed objections to the terms imposed on Austria, protesting especially against the alleged "injustice which menaces 4,500,000 German Austrians," and against the setting up of a number of new states in Europe which he says will create another hotbed of war such as the Balkans have been.

There was some improvement in the bolsheviki situation and consequently less apprehension on the part of the peace conference. A national congress of Hungarian soviets, over which Bela Kun presided, appealed to the French proletariat to aid Hungary and Russia in their "revolution for liberty." The progress of the Hungarian communist troops against the Czechs and Roumanians was checked, and the reports from Russia contained no alarming news. The White Guards that are moving on Petrograd succeeded in destroying an important fort across the bay from Kronstadt, and again it was reported that the bolsheviki were preparing to evacuate Petro-

Senator Knox's resolution designed to separate the peace treaty from the League of Nations covenant was the subject of hot debate in the senate, Mr. Knox himself leading the way in a speech that was forceful and impressive, whatever one may think of the correctness of his views. He attacked the covenant as "destructive of human progress and liberty," citing especially "the pernicious provisions embodied in article 10 which are designed to fix through all time-and merit is made of this purpose of the provision-the boundaries set up by the treaty peace."

Senator McCumber of North Dakota Republican, ably led the defenders of the league and bitterly criticized his party colleagues for conducting what he characterized as a campaign of misrepresentation and distortion. He admitted the covenant is not perfect, but vigorously denied that it discriminates against us or imposes on us any obligation or burden that is not equally borne by every other nation.

It was predicted in Washington that the Knox resolution would be defeated but that it would receive enough votes to show that the treaty and covenant together could not be ratified by the senate. President Wilson's announced plan of making a speaking tour in sup port of the league is not approved by many of the Democratic leaders, who say that he will thus give the Republicans an opportunity to make the league an issue before the people. But Mr. Wilson, as well as a great many other very well posted persons, be lieves firmly that a vast majority of the American people want the league covenant ratified so he does not fear an appeal to them on that issue.

Once again American troops have been sent across the Mexican border because of the action of the Villistas, and this time the latter were quickly attacked and as quickly put to flight. The rebels had invested Juarez and, as on former occasions, some of their bullets landed in El Paso, Tex. Several Americans were killed and wounded and our soldiers got into action instantly. After the artillery had rained shrapnel on the Villa forces the infantry rushed across the international bridge and drove them from their trenches, and the cavalry pursued them for several miles. The Mexican authorities were assured that this was not to be taken as an invasion, and indeed the Americans returned to their own side of the river within a few hours. At first President Carranza, through his special envoy at Washington, protested against the action, but next day the Mexican government announced that it considered the incident closed. Whether Pancho Villa also would so consider it was another matter. All along the border there was fear lest he attempt reprisal and American troops were hurriedly placed at the points that were considered

Of course the senate took a whack at this affair and the opponents of the

administration severely criticized it for its general Mexican policy, which, Senator Fall asserted, was to support the weak Carranza government without protecting the lives and property of Americans and other foreigners in

The week opened with the great news of the successful nonstop flight across the Atlantic by Captain Alcock and Lieutenant Brown in the Vickers-Vimy bombing plane. It was a wonderful achievement and all the world joined in praise of the courage and skill of the bold aviators. Most of the way from Newfoundland to Ireland they flew through fog and drizzle, yet they made the 1,960 land miles in the remarkable time of 16 hours and 12

Despite the big demonstration by the American Federation of Labor, congress will not sanction a modification of the wartime prohibition law to permit the manufacture and sale of beer and light wines from July 1 until national prohibition goes into effect next January. This was made certain when the senate by a vote of 55 to 11 killed a rider to this effect which Senator Phelan wanted to attach to the agricultural appropriation bill. Action by President Wilson is the only remaining hope of the wets and it is slender.

The A. F. of L. busied itself with several big matters last week. For instance, it butted into the Irish muddle with a resolution favoring the "Free Irish," and it also swatted the radical elements within itself by refusing to adopt a resolution for the initiative and referendum within the ranks of organized labor and defeating anot resolution for the recognition of so Russia. Also it rejected the propos general strike on July 4 in behalf of Tom Mooney. Then Postmaster General Burleson came up for discussion and as the poor man had no friend in the convention a resolution was adopted asking the president to remove him because of his "labor policy."

> A Stirring, Adventurous Romance

Green Fancy

Our New Serial!

Hymn for Independence Day

Eugene C. Dolson.

O Thou, who through the long years gone
Hast guided us in safety on,—
God of our native land, to Thee,
The guardian of Liberty,
Our hearts today in one accord
Acknowledge all, and thank Thee,
Lord.

Beyond the swift-receding past The world moves on, through changes vast:

Beyond the reach of ways outworn Our restless age is onward borne. Oh, keep us one in heart henceforth, From sea to sea, from South to North!

On this, our nation's natal day, For world-wide amity we pray; For peace, good-will, disarmament In lands by war and faction rent; For all which trends to common good And universal brotherhood.

Our own trust let us not forget: Be ours to guard that freedom won At Bunker Hill and Lexington,— Be ours true loyal hearts and free— True to our sires and true to Thee! (Copyright.)

WHEN HUNS WERE OVER HERE

Replica of One of the Huts Which Sheltered Hessians Is Interesting in This Year 1919.

As a reminder of the dark days in our history, a replica of one of the huts that sheltered the Hessian troops on Inwood hill, Manhattan island, in Revolutionary times has been re structed at Broadway and Two, dred and Fourth street, New Yor is built of stones excavated from



A Silent Reminder of "Kultur" America: Replica of One of the Many Huts Built by the Hessians on Manhattan Island in Revolutionary Days.

ruins of some 40 of the barracks that have of late been uncovered on the east slope of the historical ridge, and of timbers of a Long Island barn erected in the latter part of the eighteenth century. It contains many of the relics that have been recovered during the excavating, which has been carried on for several years .- Popular Mechanics

BARR M^s CUTCHEON

EEPLY absorbed in the thrilling details of the plot, entirely oblivious to all his surroundings, this reader is following the developments of one of the best mystery stories yet penned by that star of fiction writers, George Barr Mc-Cutcheon. You will be equally interested in the new serial we take pleasure in announcing.

Green Fancy

is a strange, hidden house on the American border of Canada. In and around it royal personages, third-rate actors, a New York man of the world, a beautiful woman, an Irishman of tortune, an international crook, all play their parts in an exciting drama of European intrigue. It is a story of many dramatic incidents, exciting situations and touches of splendid humor.

You'll Miss a Big Treat if You Fail to Read Our New Serial!



CHAPTER I.

The First Wayfarer and the Second Wayfarer Meet and Part on the

A solitary figure trudged along the narrow road that wound its serpentinous way through the dismal, forbidding depths of the forest-a man who, though weary and footsore, lagged not in his swift, resolute advance. Night was coming on, and with it the no uncertain prospects of a storm.

He came to the "pike" and there was a signpost. A huge, crudely painted hand pointed to the left, and on what was intended to be the sleeve of a very stiff and unflinching arm these words were printed in scaly white: "Hart's Tavern. Food for Man and Beast. Also Gasoline. Established 1798. 1 Mile."

On the opposite side of the "pike," the angle formed by a junction with he narrow mountain road, stood an imbler signpost, lettered so indistinctly that it deserved the compassion of all observers because of its humility. Swerving in his hurried passage, the tall stranger drew near this shrinking friend to the uncertain traveler, and was suddenly aware of another presence in the roadway.

A woman appeared, as if from nowhere, almost at his side. He drew back to let her pass. She stopped before the little signpost, and together they made out the faint directions.

To the right and up the mountain road Frogg's Corner lay four miles and a half away; Pitcairn was six miles back over the road which the man had traveled. Two miles and a half down the turnpike was Spanish Falls, a railway station, and four miles above the crossroads where the man and women stood peering through the darkness at the laconic signpost reposed the village of St. Elizabeth. Hart's Tavern was on the road to St. Elizabeth, and the man, with barely a glance at his fellow traveler, started briskly off in that direction.

He knew that these wild mountain storms moved swiftly; his chance of reaching the tavern ahead of the deluge was exceedingly slim. His long. powerful legs had carried him twenty or thirty paces before he came to a

What of this lone woman who traversed the highway? His first glimpse of her had been extremely casualindeed, he had paid no attention to her at all, so eager was he to read the directions and be on his way.

She was standing quite still in front my boots." peering up the road toward Frogg's Corner-confronted by a steep climb that led into black and sinister timberlands above the narrow strip of pasture bordering the pike.

The serce wind pinned her skirts to her slender body as she leaned against the gale, gripping her hat tightly with one hand and straining under the weight of the bag in the other. The ends of a veil whipped furiously about her head, and, even in the gathering darkness, he could see a strand or two of hair keeping them company.

Retracing his steps, he called out to her above the gale: "Can I be of any assistance to you?"

She turned quickly. He saw that the veil was drawn tightly over her

"No, thank you," she replied. Her voice, despite a certain nervous note, was soft and clear and gentle-the voice and speech of a well-bred person who was young and resolute.

"Pardon me, but have you much farther to go? The storm will soon be upon us, and-surely you will not consider me presumptuous-I don't like the idea of your being caught out in-" daired, resignedly. "I must go on. I can't wait here, you know, to be washed back to the place I started

He smiled. She had wit as well as determination.

"If I can be of the least assistance to you pray don't hesitate to command me. I am a sort of tramp, you might say, and I travel as well by night as I do by day-so don't feel that you are putting me to any inconvenience. Are Tavern? If so, I will be glad to lag getic. He could not hear what she behind and carry your bag."

bound for Hart's Tavern, wherever remarks. She was roundly upbraiding that may be. Thank you, just the him. You appear to be an uncomcause I am afraid you might make off said: with my belongings." She added the last by way of apology.

He smiled-and then frowned as he or in the tonneau?" cast an uneasy look at the black clouds now rolling ominously up over brought a quick, responsive laugh from the mountain ridge.

"By Jove, we're going to catch it good and hard," he exclaimed. "Better fully careless with my valuables, take my advice. These storms are ter- Would you mind putting it in behind?

Copyright by Dodd, Mond and Company, Inc. They fairly tear one to pieces. You

are a stranger in these parts?" "Yes. The railway station is a few miles below here. I have walked all the way. There was no one to meet me. You are a stranger also, so it is useless to inquire if you know whether this road leads to Green Fancy."

"Green Fancy? Sounds attractive. I'm sorry I can't enlighten you." He



He Drew a Small Electric Torch From His Pocket and Directed Its Slender Ray Upon the Sign Post.

drew a small electric torch from his pocket and directed its slender ray upon the signpost.

"It is on the road to Frogg's Corner," she explained nervously. "A mile and a half, so I am told. It isn't on the signpost. It is a house, not a vil-Thank you for your kindness. And I am not at all frightened," she added, raising her voice slightly.

"But you are," he cried. "You're scared half out of your wits. You can't fool me. I'd be scared myself at the thought of venturing into those woods up yonder."

"Well, then, I am frightened," she confessed plaintively. "Almost out of

"That settles it," he said flatly. "You

shall not undertake it." "Oh, but I must. I am expected. It

is import-'

"If you are expected why didn't someone meet you at the station? Seems to me-"

"Hark! Do you hear-doesn't that sound like an automobile-ah!" hoarse honk of an automobile horn rose above the howling wind, and an instant later two faint lights came rushing toward them around a bend in the mountain road. "Better late than never," she cried, her voice vibrant once more.

He grasped her arm and jerked her out of the path of the oncoming machine, whose driver was sending it along at a mad rate, regardless of ruts and stones and curves. The car careened as it swung into the pike, skidded alarmingly, and then the brakes were jammed down. Attended by a vast grinding of gears and wheels, the rattling old car came to a stop fifty feet or more beyond them.

"I'd sooner walk than take my chances in an antediluvian rattletrap "What is to be done about it?" she like that," said the tall wayfarer, bending quite close to her ear. "It will fall to pieces before you-

But she was running down the road toward the car, calling out sharply to the driver. He stooped over and took up the traveling bag she had dropped in her haste and excitement. It was

heavy, amazingly heavy. "I shouldn't like to carry that a mile and a half," he said to himself.

The voice of the belated driver came to his ears on the swift wind. It was you by any chance bound for Hart's high-pitched and unmistakably apolowas saying to him, but there wasn't "You are very good, but I am not much doubt as to the nature of her

Urged to action by thoughts of his monly genteel tramp, and it isn't be- own plight he hurried to her side and

something. Shall I put it up in front

The whimsical note in his voice her lips.

"Thank you so much. I am fright-I know, for I've encountered Thanks!" Her tone altered completethe car around—"And be quick about

The first drops of rain pelted down from the now thoroughly black dome above them, striking in the road with the sharpness of pebbles.

"Lucky it's a limousine," said the tall traveler. "Better hop in. We'll be getting it hard in a second or two." You must let me take you on to the Tavern in the car," she said. "Turn about is fair play. I cannot allow you

"Never mind about me," he broke in cheerily. He had been wondering if she would make the offer, and he felt better now that she had done so. "I'm accustomed to roughing it. I don't mind a soaking. I've had hundred of

"Just the same you shall not have one tonight," she announced firm!v "Get in behind. I shall sit with the driver."

If anyone had told him that this rattling, dilapidated automobile-ter years old, at the very least, he would have sworn-was capable of covering the mile in less than two minutes he would have laughed in his face. Almost before he realized that they were on the way up the straight, dark road the lights in the windows of Hart's Tavern came into view. Once more he bounding, swaying car came to a stop under brakes, and he was relaxing after the strain of the most hair-

raising ride he had ever experienced. Not a word had been spoken durng the trip. The front windows were owered. The driver-an old, hatchetfaced man-had uttered a single word just before throwing in the clutch at the crossroads in response to the young woman's crisp command to drive to Hart's Tavern. That word was uttered under his breath and it is not necessary to repeat it here.

The wayfarer lost no time in climbing out of the car. As he leaped to the ground and raised his green hat he took a second look at the automobile—a look of mingled wonder and respect. It astonishing speed in any sort of go-

"For heaven's sake," he began, shouting to her above the roar of the wind and rain, "don't let him drive like that over those-

and thank you!"

"Look out!" rasped the unpleasant driver, and in went the clutch. The man in the road jumped hastily to one dde as the car shot backward with a with a perfectly unabashed grin. jerk, curved sharply, stopped for the fraction of a second, and then bounded forward again, headed for the crossroads.

"Thanks!" shouted the late passenger after the receding tail light, and dashed up the steps to the porch that ran the full length of Hart's Tavern.

A huge old-fashioned lantern hung above the portal, creaking and straining in the wind, dragging at its stout supports and threatening every instant to break loose and go frolicking away with the storm.

He lifted the latch and, being a tall man, involuntarily stooped as he passed through the door, a needless precaution, for gaunt, gigantic mountaineers had entered there before him and without bending their arrogant heads.

CHAPTER II.

The First Wayfarer Lays His Pack Aside and Falls in With Friends

The little hall in which he found himself was the "office" through which all men must pass who come as guests to Hart's Tavern. A steep, angular staircase took up one end of the room. Set in beneath its upper turn was the counter over which the business of the house was transacted, and behind this a man was engaged in the peaceful occupation of smoking a corncob pipe.

An open door to the right of the stairway gave entrance to a room from which came the sound of a deep, sonorous voice mployed in what turned out to be a conversational solo. To the left another door led to what was evidently the dining room. The glance that the stranger sent in that direction revealed two or three tables covered with white cloths.

"Can you put me up for the night?" he inquired, advancing to the counter. "Y. u look like a feller who'd want a room with bath," drawled the man behind the counter, surveying the applicant from head to foot. "Which we ain't got," he added.

"I'll be satisfied to have a room with a bed," said the other.

"Sign here," was the laconic re-

"Can I have supper?"

"Food for man and beast," said the other patiently. He slapped his palm upon a cracked call bell and then looked at the fresh name on the page. "Thomas K. Barnes, New York," he read aloud. He eyed the newcomer once more. "My name is Jones-Putnam Jones. I run this place. My father an' grandfather run it before me. Glad to meet you, Mr. Barnes. We used to have a hostler here named Barnes. What's your idear fer footin' it this time o' the year?"

"I do something like this every spring. A month or six weeks of it puts me in fine shape for a vacation later on," supplied Mr. Barnes whimsically.

Mr. Jones allowed a grin to steal over his seamed face. He reinserted the corncob pipe and took a couple of pulls at it. "I never been to New York, but it

must be a heavenly place for a vacation, if a feller c'n judge by what some of my present boarders have to say rible. I know, for I've encountered Thanks!" Her tone altered complete-half a dozen of them in the past week. ly as she ordered the man to turn paradise, ain't it?"

"It is paradise to every actor who happens to be on the road, Mr. Jones! said Barnes, slipping his big pack from his shoulders and letting it slide to the floor.

"Hear that feller in the taproom talkin'? Well, he is one of the leading actors in New York-in the world, for that matter. He's been talkin' about Broadway for nearly a week now, steady."

"May I inquire what he is doing up here in the wilds?" "At present he ain't doing anything

except talk. Last week he was treddin' the boards, as he puts it himself. Busted. Up the flue. Showed last Saturday night in Hornville, eighteen mile north of here, and immegiately after the performance him and his whole troupe started to walk back to New York, a good four hundred mile. They started out the back way of the opery house and nobody missed 'em till next mornin' except the sheriff, and he didn't miss 'em till they'd got over the county line into our bailiwick. Four of 'em are still stoppin' here just because I ain't got the heart to turn 'em out ner the spare money to buy 'em tickets to New York. Here comes one of 'em now. Mr. Dillingford, will you show this gentleman to room eleven and carry his baggage up fer him? And maybe he'll want a pitcher of warm water to wash and shave in." He turned to the new guest and smiled apologetically. "We're a little short o' help just now, Mr. Barnes, and Mr. Dillingford has kindly consented to-

"My word!" gasped Mr. Dillingford, staring at the register. from little old New York? My word. sir, you- Won't you have a-erlittle something to drink with me be-

"He wants something to eat," interrupted Mr. Jones sharply. "Tell Mr. Bacon to step up to his room and take the order."

"All right, old chap-nothing easier," said Mr. Dillingford genially. "Just was an old-fashioned, high-powered climb up the elevator, Mr. Barnes. We car, capable, despite its antiquity, of do this to get up an appetite. When did you leave New York?"

Taking up a lighted kerosene lamp and the heavy pack, Mr. Clarence Dillingford led the way up the stairs. He was a chubby individual of indefinite age. At a glance you would have "You're getting wet," she cried out, said he was under twenty-one; a sectoral thrill in her voice. "Good night— ond look would have convinced you ond look would have convinced you that he was nearer forty-one.

Depositing Barnes' pack on a chair in the little bedroom at the end of the hall upstairs he favored the guest

"I'm not doing this to oblige old man Jones, you know. I won't attempt to deceive you. I'm working out a daily board bill. Chuck three times a day and a bed to sleep in-that's what I'm doing it for, so don't get it into your head that I applied for the job. Let me look at you. I want to get a good square peep at a man who has the means to go somewhere and yet is boob enough to come to this goshawful place of his own free will and accord. Darn it, you look intelligent. I don't get you at all. What's the mat-

ter? Are you a fugitive from justice?" Barnes laughed aloud. There was no withstanding the fellow's sprightly impudence.

"I happen to enjoy walking," said

"If I enjoyed it as much as you do I'd be limping into Harlem by this you see I'm an actor. I'm too proud

The cracked bell on the office desk interrupted him, somewhat peremptorily. Mr. Dillingford's face assumed an expression of profound dignity. He lowered his voice as he gave vent to the following:

"That man Jones is the meanest human being God ever let- Yes, sir, coming, sir!" He started for the open door with surprising alacrity.

Barnes surveyed the little bedcham ber. It was just what he had expected it would be. The walls were covered with a garish paper selected by one who had an eye but not a taste for color-bright pink flowers that looked more or less like chunks of a shattered watermelon spilt promiscuously over a background of pearl gray. The bedstead, bureau and washstand were offensively modern. Everything was as clean as a pin, however, and the bed looked comfortable. He stepped to the small, many-paned window and looked out into the night. The storm was at its height. In all his life he never had heard such a clatter of rain, nor a

wind that shricked so appallingly. His thoughts went quite naturally to the woman who was out there in the thick of it. He wondered how she was faring and lamented that she was not in his place now and he in hers. What was she doing up in this Godforsaken country? What was the name of the place she was bound for? Green What an odd name for a Fancy! house! And what sort of house-

His reflections were interrupted by the return of Mr. Dillingford, who carried a huge pewter pitcher from which steam arose in volume. At his heels strode a tall, cadaverous person in a checked suit.

Never had Barnes seen anything quite so overpowering in the way of a suit. Joseph's coat of many colors was no longer a vision of childhood. It was a reality. The checks were an inch square and each cube had a narrow border of azure blue. The general tone was a dirty gray, due no doubt to age and a constitution that would not allow it to outlive its usefulness.

"Meet Mr. Bacon, Mr. Barnes," introduced Mr. Dillingford, going to the needless exertion of indicating Mr. Bacon with a generous sweep of his free hand. "Our heavy leads. Mr. Montague Bacon, also of New York." "Ham and eggs, pork tenderloin, the occasion.

country sausage, rump steak and spring chicken," said Mr. Bacon in a cavernous voice, getting it over with while the list was fresh in his memory. "Fried and boiled potatoes, beans, succotash, onions, stewed tomatoes and er-just a moment, please. Fried and boiled potatoes, beans-"

"Ham and eggs, potatoes and a cup-or two of coffee," said Barnes, suppressing a desire to laugh.

"And apple pie," concluded the walter triumphantly. "I knew I'd get it if you gave me time. As you may have observed, my dear sir, I am not what you would call an experienced waiter. As a matter of fact, I-"

The bell downstairs rang violently. Mr. Bacon departed in great haste.

While the traveler performed his ablutions Mr. Dillingford, for the moment disengaged, sat upon the edge of the bed and enjoyed himself. He talked.

"We were nine at the start," said he pensively. "Gradually we were reduced to seven, not including the manager. Two of 'em escaped before the smash. The low comedian and character old woman. Joe Buckley and his wife. That left the old man-I mean Mr. Rushcroft, the star-Lyndon Rushcroft, you know-myself and Bacon, Tommy Gray, Miss Rushcroft, Miss Hughes and a woman named Bradley, seven of us. The woman named Bradley said her mother was dying in Buffalo, so the rest of us scraped together all the money we had-nine dollars and sixty cents-and did the right thing by her. Actors are always do-ing darn-fool things like that, Mr. Barnes. And what do you suppose she did? She took that money and bought two tickets to Albany, one for herself and another for the manager of the company-the lowest, meanest ornerlest white man that ever- But I am crabbing the old man's part. ought to her what he has to say about Mr. Manager. He can use words l never even heard of before. So that leaves just the four of us here, working off the two days' board bill of Bradley and the manager, Rushcroft's ungodly spree, and at the same time keeping our own slate clean. Miss Thackeray will no doubt make up your bed in the morning. She is temporarily a chambermaid. Cracking fine girl, too. Are you all ready? I'll lead you to the dining room. Or would you prefer a little appetizer beforehand? The taproom is right on the way. You mustn't call it the bar. Everybody in that little graveyard town down the road would turn over completely if you did. Hallowed tradition, you

"I don't mind having a cocktail. Will you join me?"

"As a matter of fact, I'm expected to," confessed Mr. Dillingford. "We've been drawing quite a bit of custom to the taproom. The rubes like to sit around and listen to conversation about Broadway and Bunker Hill and Old Point Comfort and other places, and then go home and tell the neighbors that they know quite a number of stage people. Human nature, I guess. Listen! Hear that? Rushcroft reciting 'Gunga Din.' You can't hear the thunder for the noise he's

making." The descended the stairs and entered the taproom, where a dozen men were seated around the tables, all of them with pewter mugs in front of them. Standing at the top table—that is to say, the one farthest removed time," said Mr. Dillingford sadly. "But from the door and commanding the ator every creature in the roof -was the imposing figure of Lyndon Rushcroft. He was reciting, in a sonorous voice and with tremendous fervor, the famous Kipling poem. A genial smile wiped the tragic expression from his face. He advanced upon Barnes and the beaming Mr. Dillingford, his hand extended.

"My dear fellow," he exclaimed resoundingly, "how are you?" Cordiality boomed in his voice. "I heard you had arrived. Welcome-thricefold wel-



"Welcome, Thricefold Welcome."

come!" He neglected to say that Mr. Montague Bacon, in passing a few minutes before, had leaned over and whispered behind his hand: "Fellow upstairs from New York,

Mr. Rushcroft-fellow named Barnes. Quite a swell, believe me."

It was a well-placed tip, for Mr. Rushcroft had been telling the natives for days that he knew everybody worth knowing in New York. Barnes was momentarily taken

aback. Then he rose to the spirit of

"Helto, Rushcroft," he greeten, as if meeting an old-time and greatly be loved friend. "This is good. 'Pon my soul you are like a thriving date palm in the middle of an endless desert. How are you?"

They shook hands warmly. Mr. Dillingford slapped the newcomer on the shoulder affectionately, familiarly, and shouted:

"Who would have dreamed we'd run across good old Barnesy up here? By Jove, it's marvelous!"

"Friends, countrymen," boomed Mr. Rushcroft, "this is Mr. Barnes of New York. Not the man the book was written about but one of the best fellows God ever put into this little world of ours. I do not recall your names, gentlemen, or I would introduce each

of you separately and divisibly." Lyndon Rushcroft was a tall, saggy man of fifty. Despite his determined erectness he was inclined to sag from the shoulders down. His head, huge and gray, appeared to be much too ponderous for his yielding body, and yet he carried it manfully, even theatrically. The lines in his dark, seasoned face were like furrows; his nose was large and somewhat bulbous, his mouth wide and grim. Thick, black eyebrows shaded a pair of eyes in which white was no longer apparentit had given way to a permanent red. A two-days' stubble covered his chin and cheeks. Altogether he was a singular exemplification of one's idea of

the old-time actor. Passing through the office, his arm linked in one of Barnes', Mr. Rushcroft hesitated long enough to impress upon Landlord Jones the importance of providing his "distinguished friend. Robert W. Barnes," with the very best that the establishment afforded. Putnam Jones blinked slightly and his eyes sought the register as if to accuse or justify his memory. Then he spat copiously into the corner, a necessary preliminary to a grin. He hadn't much use for the great Lyndon Rushcroft. His grin was sardonic. Something told him that Mr. Rushcroft was about to be liberally fed.

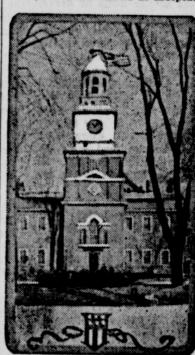
(Continued next week.)

DESIGNED FAMOUS OLD HALL

Philadelphia Lawyer Architect of Building Where Immortal Declaration Was Signed.

Independence hall stands not only as the place of rest for the Liberty bell, but as the old Pennsylvania statehouse, and the building wherin the Declaration of Independence was signed in 1776, with John Hancock at its head. It is still in excellent preservation, and its quaint red and white front and brick belfry give it an air

of romance and antiquity. For many years it was unknown who was the designer of the old state house, now better known as Independ-



Independence Hall. ence hall. But the discovery about forty years ago of the identical design, now in the Pennsylvania Historical society's collection, set the question at

rest. It was none other than Andrew Hamilton, who not only held high office in the province, but as a lawyer made the reputation of the Philadelphia bar. This was accomplished when he was invited to New York to defend the printer, Zenger, and contended successfully for the liberty of the press, the first time the subject had been settled in a court of law in this country.

Nation's Great Destiny.

Our country is a fact so fast, so tremendous in its import and bearings, that the mind can hardly grasp it. It reminds us of the Almighty. It suggests omnipotence.

And yet it may be truthfully said that the nation has scarcely begun its career. Great as it is, it is but an infant compared with what it is destined to become.-Rev. T. B. Gregory.



Berea College Hospital

Best Equipment and Service at Lowest Cost. Wards for Men and for Women Sun-Parlor, Private Rooms, Baths, Electric Service.

Surgery, Care in Child-birth, Eye, Nose and Ear GENERAL PRACTICE

Come in and visit an establishment, which is a friend in need, and in reach of all the people.

ROBERT H. COWLEY, M.D., Physician
HARLAN DUDLEY, M.D., Physician
MRS. ANNA POWELL HACKETT, R.N., Superintendent
MRS. HELEN STEARN SHARPE, R.N., Assistant

CHANGE IN RATES

Beginning March 1, the rates for board and room of private patients will be \$15 to \$18 per week. The rates for patients cared for in the wards will remain the same—\$1 per day. By Order of Prudential Committee, Berea College

LOCAL PAGE

NEWS OF BEREA AND VICINITY, GATHERED FROM A VARIETY OF SOURCES

Best Blacksmithing

Scientific horse shoeing, fine iron work and repairs of all descriptions at the College Blacksmith Shop, Main Street, north of The Citizen Office.

L. & N. TIME TABLE Northbound

Train No. 34 - 3:38 a. m. Train No. 38. - 12:50 p. m. Train No. 32 - 5:34 p. m.

Southbuond Train No. 31 - 12:46 a. m. Train No. 33 - 12:25 p. m. Train No. 37 - 1:10 p. m.

F. G. York, of Vesta, Minn., has been in Berea for the past ten days, having been called here by the serihas sold his farm in the West, and is looking for a small farm on which staff meeting of the Red Cross of- and Simon, of Berea, Felix, of to locate near Berea. Mr. York's many ficers of the Lake Division. Profes- Rockcastle, Elhannon, of Richmond, friends in these parts would be pleased to have him as a neighbor leave of absence from Berea Col- All the family were present at the

Miss Georgia Rector, who has been visiting her aunt and uncle, Mr. and Kentucky as general field agent. Mrs. G. T. Spencer, returned to her of the week.

Mrs. E. E. Kneeland, sister of Mrs.

W. F. Kidd has recently purchasabout July 1.

Edward L. Roberts, superintend-Alumni Reunion and Banquet. Mr. this matter. Roberts is an alumnus of the 1900 class at Wheaten.

Miss Oma Robinson and Turner Gott spent a pleasant day "Down on the Farm" with Miss Oma's uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. Buster Maupin, last Thursday.

Misses Florence and Mary Tatum and Mrs. Buster Maupin were shopping in Lexington Friday.

Luther Ambrose, who has been in the U.S. Navy for several months. has been discharged and is at home. Miss Mildred Gabbard and Roy

Harrison gave their friends quite a surprise last week when they slipped away to Jellico, Tenn., and were married. The young couple have the best wishes of all for a happy and prosperous life.

Mrs. Ellen Mitchell leaves this week for an extended visit with ed slightly. He is the son of Mr. relatives in Illinois and California. and Mrs. Edward Lake, and has Will Preston, who has been in the many friends in Madison county. service of the U.S. Army, came

home last week. Miss Carol Edwards, who has been studying at Ohio Wesleyan University during the past year, Slightly Wounded-George Glore, came home last week.

Leo Golden, who has recently returned from over seas duties, is in Berea for a visit with his mother and sisters.

Quite a number of young people were delightfully entertained last Saturday evening at a lawn party Big Hill pike. The party was in honor of Miss Ola Bowman's birth-

Misses Anna B. Jenks and Alice H. Southworth, of Southern Pines, N. C., are spending a few days in Berea as the guest of Professor and Mrs. Dodge. During their residence here they built the bungalow on Robe's Mountain. It is seventeen years since they left Berea, and they marvel at the improvements.

Prof. Wm. Carl Hunt is just back from the opening of the Red Cross ous illness and death of his sister, Institute at Kentucky University. the late Mrs. H. Muncy. Mr. York He leaves today for Cleveland, O., where he will attend a two days' Red Cross work in the mountains of visited his mother recently and was

At a meeting of the local chapter Professor Dodge's family, returned time paid executive secretary of last week to her home in Harvey, the chapter. Miss English's first duty will be to look after the soldiers and sailors and their families. and will take charge of the same will serve as a general community of Malcom, Clay county, and numer- benediction. welfare worker. Miss English will be backed by a well chosen and reent of printing, returned on Mon- liable Home Service Committee, day after a very pleasant visit at who will assist in the direction of Wheaten, Ill. Mr. Roberts attended her work and will vote the expenthe Commencement exercises of diture of funds. The Berea chapter Wheaton College and also the is certainly to be congratulated in

BOOSTER SUNDAY

The Baptist church and Sunday school are planning four big Sundays in July. Better boost, brother We expect bigger crowds and better services each week. Boost, brother, Boost.

Sunday, July 6, is Booster Sunday. Keep on boostin' till the Beostin's

Bring your heart but not your hammer. Boost!

CASUALTY LIST MONDAY

Among the list of casualties given out for publication Monday appears gether. the name of Thad Lake, R. F. D. No. 1. Paint Lick, Ky., who was wound-Died from accident and other

Wounded Severely - John Rankin, Lancaster.

Berea.

We Like To Wait On Boys

In that sentence is expressed the reason why we sell so many Boys' Shoes and Clothes.

Some merchants claim the Boys' Department the most nerve racking and poorest paying part of the store. This is on account of the limited selections, and small attention given this department by such stores.

BOYS' SPRING SUITS ARE READY

J. M. Coyle & Co. Chestnut Street

Berea, Kentucky

Mrs. Eva Walden

Fine Millinery

Ready-to-Wear

Ladies' Dresses, Corsets, Hosiery, Fine Underwear, Waists in all the Midsummer Materials

> See our pretty Midsummer Dresses in Voile and Georgette

Best Quality for Least Money

MRS. H. MUNCY DIES

After a trying illness of five at the home of the Bowmans on at the family home on Chestnut pavilion last Lord's day night at street last Wednesday. She was a 7:30. Singing, preaching and special victim of the flu last December and quartette all contributed to make fects of that sickness, which ter- to all present. Next Lord's day minated in lung trouble and was night at 7:30 W. J. Hudspeth will the final cause of her death. .

family, moved to Berea from Clay sermon will be "Serving Jesus county in 1902, and they have re- Only." Let every one be there. sided here ever since.

Mrs. Muncy was a Christian woman of sterling character, and a member of the Primitive Baptist was the mother of eleven children, at 11 a.m. eight of whom are living, as follows: John, Martha, Rebecca, Henry sor Hunt has been given a year's and Taylor, of Crab Orchard, Nebr. lege and will devote his time to funeral except Taylor, who had obliged to return to his home.

The funeral was held at the Behome at Harrogate, Tenn., the first of the Red Cross the officers were rea Cemetery on Thursday afterelected for the ensuing year. At noon, the 19th, at 2:30 p. m., conthis meeting the committee took a ducted by the Rev. J. W. Culton, Mary H. Dodge, who has been very advanced step when they ap- pastor of the Primitive Baptist ices. spending some time as the guest of pointed Miss Etta English a full church at Richmond, and assisted by Brother Hudspeth.

Besides the family above mentioned, Mrs. Muncy is survived by ous other relatives. One sister, brothers, Felix York, of Vesta, 190; offering, \$2.50. Minn., and John, of Adelia, Ky., were present at the funeral.

ircle of friends, whose sympathies are extended to the bereaved family in their sorrow and irreparable loss

WOMAN'S CLUB IN BEREA

A very interesting meeting was held at the Baptist church Friday, nesday. June 13 at 2:30, consisting of the in organizing a Woman's Club.

Mrs. Weaver of Louisville was with us and gave a very instructive talk on club work and what an organization of this kind can accomplish by everybody working to-

After Mrs. Weaver's talk the following officers were elected: President, Mrs. S. T. McQuire; First Vice President, Mrs. W. J. Baird; Second Vice President, Mrs. T. J. Osborne; Recording Secretary, Mrs. Geo. G. cause-Edwin Vose, Louisville, Ky. Dick; Corresponding Secretary, Mrs. W. G. Best; Treasurer, Mrs. Frank Sunday, July 27 - Victory Sunday. Livengood.

> Mrs. McGuire took the chair with much hesitancy for the job is a big one, but we as club members are going to back her up and help her the estate of J. W. Lewis will preto make this year's work count.

committees to draw up a constitu- 1, 1919, or same will be disallowed. tion to be presented to the club to be held in the Baptist church Thursday, June 19, at 3:00 o'clock: Ch. Mrs. Cowley, Mrs. McAllister, Mrs. Dodge, Mrs. W. J. Baird, Mrs B. H. Roberts, Mrs. J. R. Robertson. We hope every one will be think-

Signed: Mrs. Geo. G. Dick, Sec'y.

WANTED

Girls over 16 years old to learn from the City Council. knitting. Excellent wages and excellent working conditions. Apply Richmond Hosiery Mills, Rossville, Ga., six miles from Chatta-

WITH THE CHURCHES

Union Services

months, Mrs. H. Muncy passed away | Quite interesting services at the never fully recovered from the ef- the hour spent there very helpful preach and the quartette will sing Mrs. Muncy, with her husband and to the delight of all. Subject of

The Sunday-school with classes church for twenty-five years. She for all at 9:45. Preaching service

Baptist Church

Sunday school, 9:45 a. m. Preaching services, 11:00 a. m. B. Y. P. U., 6:45 p. m, Prayer meeting Thursday evenng at 8:00 o'clock.

Sunday School Record

Attendance, 194; Bibles, 87; Collection, \$7.47.

We extend a hearty welcome to all to unite with us in these serv-

Rev. John Cunningham, Pastor.

Christian Church

Services last Lord's day proved her husband, her aged father and to be very interesting from aned the Berea Telephone system In addition to this Miss English mother, Mr. and Mrs. William York, nouncement of first song till the

> Bible school attendance good, 84; Mrs. Clem Shell, of London, two Bibles present, 25; chapters read, Program as usual for next Lord's

> day. Bible school, 9:45; preaching Mrs. Muncy was one of Berea's and communion, 11:00 a. m., subject most respected citizens, and had a of the sermon will be "Who Then wide acquaintanceship and a large Can Be Saved?" No 2. You are welcome to be with us.

W. J. Hudspeth, Minister:

Methodist Episcopal Church

Church services 11:00 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

Sunday school 9:45 a. m. Epworth League Meeting 6.15 p. m. Prayer meeting 7:30 p. m., Wed-

Total attendance, 35; teachers present, 3; total collection 46c. Jno. E. Parsons, Supt.

4 - BIG DAYS - 4

At the Baptist Church - In July -

Sunday, July 6 - Booster Sunday. Sunday, July 13 - Membership Sunday.

Sunday, July 20 - Decision Sun-

4 — Big Sundays in July — 4 NOTICE TO CREDITORS

All persons having claims against sent same to the undersigned pro-The chair appointed the following perly verified on or before August Alice Lewis, Extrx.,

Berez, Ky., Route No. 2.

ORDINANCE

Be it ordained by the City Couneil of the City of Berea, Kentucky, ing about this meeting and decide That the owners of property abutting on Jackson street up to its intersection with Rawlings Place shall have standard curbing and gutters perty, if you want to sell. We have built along their property according to specifications to be given by to sell. If you have a farm, or the street committee after authority town property, to sell drop in at

J. L. Gay, Mayor, E. Fothergill, Clerk.

The dandelion is yellow, but it never quits.

"In Union There Is Strength" THE principle applies quite as much to banking as to soldiers or states or governments. It is most fortunate that the Federal Reserve Banking System has been in operation during the war. The advantages of this organization accrue to the customers of the member banks who at the same time contribute to the strength of the nation's banking system and enjoy the benefit of its pro-Berea National Bank MEMBER FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

At Belue's

Richmond, Ky.

See Our

Smart Virginia Dare Dresses

Bischos and Princess Suits and Coats

Our Millinery will Close Out at Cost

Come in and see our mid-summer wearing apparel. We are sure the price, as well as the style, will be correct.

Richmond

Kentucky

CONSERVE THE WATER

slowing up the flow of the springs munity spirit is being given by and seriously threatens a water some of the agricultural societies,

against waste.

dens must be discontinued at once. paint and clean up bill. If we can have the faithful coopera-tion of all concerned in conserving semble as many as 500 farmers and necessary to cut anybody off.

Any person who discovers a leak Power Plant, Phone No. 187.

THOS. J. OSBORNE

Texas has the biggest wool crop in the history of the State.

WANTED

Carpenters, Boat Builders, Joiners, Cabinet Makers, Millwrights, Tinsmiths, Plumbers, Pipefitters, and Painters, for work on high class yachts and phonograph cabinets. Steady work. Our shops are sanitary, light, and steam-heated.

THE MATTHEWS COMPANY Port Clinton, Ohio. ad.-52.

Jno. F. Dean J. W. Herndon

DEALERS IN REAL ESTATE Berea, Kentucky

Commencement is over; but in- MAIN ST. quiries for farms and homes in and around Berea continue to come in. Now is the time to list your promore inquiries than we have places the Berea Bank & Trust Co. and list it with us and we will sell it if you will price it worth the money.

DEAN & HERNDON, Dealers in Real Estate, Berea, Ky.

A PAINT UP DAY

An interesting example of comin holding Paint Up Days, to paint In view of this situation water fair buildings. The paint problem users are urged to use as little as has been getting very serious, possible, and to carefully guard since materials and labor went so high. Many cattle shows have been The sprinkling of lawns and gar- helped into bankruptcy by their

ladies of Berea who are interested West End Sunday School, June 22 the water, we believe it will not be business men for a day, for painting and cleaning and repairing the association's property. Any kind of or notices any improper use of organization that shows that spirit water will confer a favor by notify- is bound to be a big factor in the ing Superintendent Dick at the progress of its locality. Our good friend, Mr. E. H. Goudy, superintendent of the Berea College Paint Shop, has been doing his part to encourage painting, by giving a demonstration in that line before agricultural class recently, which was both interesting and instructive. Mr. Goudy is an expert painter and will be glad to offer suggestions to anyone interested in painting.

F. L. MOORE'S

Jewelry Store

First Class Repairing AND

Fine Line of Jewelry BEREA, KY.



by Porter-Moore Drug

BOONE TAVERN

"The most home-like and attractive hotel in Kentucky."

Berea College Management. First Class, Moderate Rates. For Students and Parents, Business Men and Excursionists

On the Dixte Highway

The Citizen

A family Newspaper for all that is right true, and interesting

Published every Thursday at Berea, Ky

BEREA PUBLISHING CO. WM. G. FROST, Editor-in-Chief

Subscription Rates

PAYABLE IN ADVANCE

ne year. Advertising rates on application.

GOOD ROADS MEETING A GREAT SUCCESS

the interest of good roads.

minutes behind the scheduled hour American Auto Association, W. S. for their arrival, and were wel- Gilbreath, Detroit, Mich., Col. M. B. comed at Boone Tavern by the local Ocles, Chattanooga, Tenn., and Rod-

other representative citizens of Be-

Due to the public meeting which out. was called for eight o'clock, there but the party adjourned to the pa- it is a twentieth century necessity. make good roads possible to every vilion back of the library where a the addresses there.

After the singing of some patriotic songs and some happy remarks by the chairman, Mr. Herndon, Judge Allison, chairman of the Dixie Highway Commission, from Chattanooga, Tenn., gave a brief address, outlining in general the work of the Highway Commission, and expressing his high expectation that Kentucky would not fail Since it became known that the in her part of the great project. Dixie Highway Commission would Among those who were present as visit Berea on their official inspec- members of the Highway Commistion trip of the highway from Cin- sion and spoke at the meeting were cinnati south, the local Committee the following: Judge M. M. Allison, has been busy making arrangements of Chattanooga, Tenn., Carl G. Fishfor a big rally of the citizens in er, Indianapolis, Ind., John L. Shuff, America when they return. Cincinnati, O., A. F. Sanford, Knox-Despite the heavy rain, the of- ville, Tenn., W. T. Anderson, Macon, ficial party reached Berea on Mon- Ga., A. S. Batchelder, Washington,

and County Road Commissioner making them more accessible. Baxter, of Richmond, were also present and spoke effectively in favor of good roads. Mr. Bradbury roads. They do not believe in prorepresented Judge Mullins of Rock- gress, castle county, and responded to a request of the chair for a short speech.

to give a stenographic report of each speech, but must content ourselves with mentioning some of the adjoining a good road. "high spots" touched by the speak-

the idea that the discussion of good at any price. A banquet had been spread at the roads would prove a dry subject Tavern for the visitors and some they were soon disillusioned. Every

We can no longer consider the were no "after-dinner speeches," matter of a good road as a luxury- Therefore, each must do its part to -Lexington Leader. It is inseparably associated with other community. good crowd had gathered to hear our development along social, educational and religious lines. Indeed, so definitely associated that without good roads our progress about the "Grand Old State of Kenalong these lines must of necessity tucky," but what they said about be retarded.

wires are as follows:

Good roads make for fellowship, companionship, culture, and happinness. Build good roads.

saved France, by making rapid dered and much enjoyed. transportation of troops possible. They will expect better roads in success throughout.

tractive for your sons and daugh- Tuesday evening. day evening at 6:45. Just forty-five D. C., chairman Executive Board ters by building a good road to

Good roads will make better chairman, Mr. J. W. Herndon, and man Wiley. County Judge Price, schools and churches possible, by

There are no Bolshevists on good

Real estate is of more value when

Road Commissioner Wiley prom-

The visiting Commissioners did not fail to say many nice things the bad roads in Kentucky - well. Some of the hot shots from live they ought to be improved right away.

> The attendance of farmers from the surrounding country was small on account of the rainy weather. Some were possibly unable to come because of BAD ROADS!

A couple of comic selections by Our soldiers know that good roads the male quartette were well ren-

The meeting was a pronounced

The members of the Commission left at noon Tuesday, enroute to Make the country life more at- London for a meeting in that city

4 - BIG DAYS - 4 At the Baptist Church In July -

Sunday, July 6 - Booster Sunday Sunday, July 13 - Membership

Sunday. Sunday, July 20 - Decision Sunday.

Sunday, July 27 - Victory Sunday 4 - Big Sundays in July - 4

KENTUCKY'S FIRST OIL WELL

In the year 1854, a gentleman emigrated from New England to Cumberland county, Kentucky, and there established his home. He was a man of small resources financially, but with a family of nine, heavy liabilities. His home was situated between a small stream leading down to the river and the foot of a tall Cumberland county mountain. He conceived the idea of sinking brine well or drilling for salt water, with the ultimate purpose of manufacturing salt in large and paying quantities.

His project soon became the obto the extent that on one particular afternoon after regaling himself on known as "moonshine," had informed his neighbors that he would drill and drilled and drilled until one day, some months following, as he came over the hill from getting his fill at a certain still just at twilight, he looked down upon his industry and saw coming from the mouth of the well a great flame of fire licking the top of the tallest trees; and looking further, he saw the previously placid little mountain stream a burning sheet as far down the hillside as the eye could see.

Naturally his conclusion was that in failing to strike salt water he had made good his threat and had opened up hell on his neighbors and fellow neighbors of Cumberland county. Believing that this would bring down upon him their condemnation and probably result in the revival of some of the punishments of the good old fathers back in the days of Witchcraft the morning found his mountain hut deserted, his rich oil well left to those who might dare to claim it; and it is recorded that when last seen just this side of the Kentucky border on his way back to Pennsylvania, he stated that the only reason he was walking he did not have wings

STATE FAIRS AND LIVE STOCK SHOWS

Missouri State Fair, Sedalia, Aug.

- 8 days. Illinois State Fair, Springfield, Aug. 15 — 9 days. Iowa State Fair Des Moines, Aug.

20 - 10 days. Ohio State Fair, Columbus, Aug. 25 - 5 days.

Mother: "Now, Bobby, was it you who picked all the white meat off this chicken?"

Bobby: "Well, mother, to make a clean breast of it, I did."

Good roads have a great economic graduated from Berea College, Be- up men, according to statements of value as a means of transporta- rea, Ky. He was president of the the train crew and passengers on We wish 't were possible for us tion for freight and farm products. Kentucky Normal and Industrial In- arrival at Cincinnati. Once good roads are built no public schools of Lexington, where hiding, crept out and uncoupled the

local boosters for good roads, speaker had a real message packed ised that Kentucky would do her time of his death he was secretary from there. The engineer refused, About one hundred and fifty sat full of facts, argument, good sense part in building good roads, and in of the Negro Y. M. C. A. here. In but did put on steam enough to give down to a toothsome feast prepared and a little nonsense for spice, that finishing up the Dixie Highway 1880 he was a delegate-at-large from the train a jerk, the safety chain and served in most inviting style, held the closest attention through- through the State, at whatever cost. Kentucky to the Republican nation- standing the pull. The train crew. No community lives to itself. the famous 306 who voted for Grant. passed, rushed out of the train

UNITED STATES NEWS

of their constitutions excluding Negroes from membership. The resolution was telegraphed to Samuel Gompers, in Atlantic City.

Bills to put the meat business inder federal control have been introduced in both House and Senate. Licensing of packers is provided and licenses are to be subject to revocation on violation of any pro-Iowa, provides that packers must ninth district. dispose of their interests in stockyards in two years.

League of Nations, and the length National Defense, are to be preof his tour of the United States will sented by the Council to the nearbe determined by its developments. est of kin of all Kentucky soldiers According to opinion in official who lost their lives in the world quarters in Washington opponents war. The certificates will recite of the league will not be able to that the Kentucky Council of Nacarry enough votes to pass the Fall tional Defense "in profound appreresolution seeking to make an im- ciation of the supreme sacrifice for mediate peace with Germany and country and mankind offers this Austria. Sentiment of the people token of gratitude and sympathy." in favor of the league is being felt The concluding paragraph quotes many of the league opponents over "I pray that our Heavenly Father to the other side.

with a lighter than-air craft as a sacrifice on the altar of freedom." dirigible of American design. He United States will be appended. intimated, however, that reduction of the 1920 naval aviation appropriation from \$45,000,000 to \$15,000,000 the six-year-old boy.

as proposed by the House naval Athens, you probably committee would cause abandon- answered the father. ment of the plan.

the appropriation virtually would is blown to." ject of a good deal of ridicule on mean that the American navy "must the part of his neighbors. This stand still and watch the procession incensed the enterprising gentleman go by, after having just completed the most remarkable achievement in the history of aviation - the mother-in-law, your worship." "mountain water" more generally transatlantic flight." Naval officals said Great Britain would spend | not guilty?" from \$250,000,000 to \$300,000,000 on and drill and drill until he struck the army and navy air services salt water or hell and so he drilled during the coming year and that France would spend more) than \$200,000,000 on aerial development.

Noted Berea Graduate Dies Ohio train No. 57, Detroit to Cin-COLUMBUS, O., June 21. - Prof. cinnati, foiled an attempted train John H. Jackson, Negro educator robbery near Lima, O., last Saturand writer, died at his home here. day as well as prevented what ap-He was 68 years of age. Professor peared sure to be a bad wreck if he Jackson was the first Negro to be had obeyed the orders of the hold-

stitute for eleven years and presi- The train was preparing to back dent of the Lincoln Institute, Jef- up on a siding near Lima to allow ferson City, Mo., for three years. train No 58, Cincinnati to Detroit, He also was connected with the to pass. Four men who were in If any came to the meeting with community would part with them he was born, for several years. | train from the locomotive. But the His chief published work was a holdup men failed to notice the 'History of Education from the safety chain. They demanded that Greeks to the Present Time." At the the engineer pull his engine away ai convention, where he was one of knowing that train No. 58 had not when it began to move and drove off the bandits with revolvers.

> The express car was directly behind the engine and would probably have been looted, while had the engine pulled away it would have been directly in the way of No. 58, which came through not five minutes after the bandits had disappeared into the woods and the engineer had backed his train onto the siding.

KENTUCKY NEWS

visions of the laws or unfair lorsville, Representative Spencer practices. The bill introduced in and Bullitt district; Blaine Short, the Senate by Senator Kenyon, of Jackson, Representative Seventy-

Engraved memorial certificates bearing signatures of Gov. James D. President Wilson is watching the Black and Edward W. Hines, chairfight in the Senate against the man of the Kentucky Council of in Washington and is swinging this utterance of Abraham Lincoln: may assuage the anguish of your bereavement and leave you only Secretary Daniels stated recently the cherished memory of the loved that the navy department had in and lost, and the solemn price that contemplation a trans-Pacific flight must be yours to have laid so costly soon as it could build a modern! The seals of Kentucky and the

"Papa, where is atoms?" asked

"Atoms? I don't know, my boy.

"No." answered the lad. "atoms, I The secretary said reduction of mean, the place where everything

Magistrate: "What is the prisoner

P. C.: "Assault and battery on his Magistrate: "Are you guilty or

Prisoner: "Guilty, your worship." Magistrate: "I fine you ten and

Prisoner: "But why the extra six-

pense, sir?" Magistrate: "That's the war tax

A nervy engineer on Baltimore & on amusements.



Green-Seal your house and save repair bills

House-owners know the annoyance and expense of continually paying out money for repair bills, but by using Hanna's Green Seal Paint on their property occasionally, these bills can be done away with to a large extent. Any surface, if left to itself and not properly painted, is bound to decay sooner or later, whereas a coat or two of paint at reasonable intervals will prepare it to withstand all the ravages of time and

Formula on

wet weather.

Every Package

C. B. ARNETT & SON

Berea, Kentucky



MOUNTAIN AGRICULTURE

Conducted by Mr. Robert F. Spence, Farm Demonstrator and Special Investigator

BEREA RHODE ISLAND RED POULTRY ASSOCIATION

"Help Paint the County Red"

This Association was organized Farmers attending such meetings. because of the demand for Rhode The meeting adjourned at 4:00 Island Red eggs for hatching pur- p. m.

Standardization of poultry for Kentucky is being advocated and pushed by the State Poultry Speculture. Eastern Kentucky being well attended. One hundred and standardized with the Reds with thirty-four people were present. the exception of a few counties. An Agricultural lantern slide lecmade a broad field for the Reds. ture was given by F. N. Barrett, as-This being true the Breeders under sistant Junior Agricultural Club the direction of the County Agent leader, and County Agent Spence. got together and organized the Asthis great work for Kentucky.

February 1 to June 1, 30,018 eggs. so well that nobody left until the Two hundred and seven people music ceased. purchased eggs for hatching purposes. Sixty-one new flocks were members of Narrow Gap and Big started within the bounds of the Hill attended this lecture. Association - southern Madison and Rockcastle counties. Thousands of eggs were shipped to other J. H. Wolfe have recently purchased counties of Kentucky.

have more than 5,000 pure bred an increase in our live stock. Rhode Island Red chickens to date. The flocks are headed with males valued at from \$5.00 to \$25.00.

sold for \$1.00 per setting (15 eggs) or \$6.00 per hundred.

complete exhibit of poultry and year. eggs at the Berea Agricultural Fair in October.

For further information write County Agent, Berea, Ky.

GRAIN GROWERS MEETING

owners and operators of southern Madison county met Saturday, June wheat and other grains to best ad- culture, and the County Agent. vantages to grower and machine owner and operator.

by County Agent Spence at 3:00 served biscuits, honey and butter p. m. Mr. Wilson elected chair- by T. J. Lake, a farmer living in man, H. O. Lamb secretary.

Mr. Spence spoke on relations between growers and threshers as to prices, sacks, etc. Mr. Miracle of the boys and girls of the Agrispoke on the high cost of labor in cultural Club last week, and found relation to the cost of threshing.

growers furnish labor to threshers Agricultural Club work is moving and the threshers make a flat price along nicely. for threshing under these conditions, the growers to cooperate in furnishing labor.

separator, engine, fireman, water crops and stock. The best fair ever boy, two feeders and two weighers -growers to take care of straw and put grain on table, and thresh rye for twenty cents, oats for fifteen county, made a record three-fourths

cents, and oats for fifteen cents per miles out. bushel, growers to put wheat on table.

These prices were accepted by growers and machine owners and operators at this meeting. Mr Spence and Mr. Moore were appointed to consult with the officers

CINCINNATI MARKETS

Hay and Grain.

Corn—No. 2 white \$1.88, No. 3 white \$1.87@1.87½, No. 2 yellow \$1.87@1.88, No. 3 yellow \$1.86@1.87, No. 2 mixed \$1.86@1.87, No. 3 mixed \$1.85@1.86, white ear \$1.80@1.88, yellow ear \$1.80@1.88, mixed ear \$1.80@1.90.

Sound Hay—Timothy per ton \$32@ 59, and clover mixed \$31@37, clover

Oats—No. 2 white 75c, standard 744 @75c, No. 8 white 784, @74c, No. 2 mixed 78c, No. 3 mixed 72c.

Butter, Eggs and Poultry. Butter—Whole milk creamery extras 544c, centralized creamery extras 53c, firsts 494c.

Eggs—Prime firsts 41c, firsts 891/4c, ordinary firsts 88c. Live Poultry—Broflers, under 2 lbs, 50c; fowls, 5 lbs and over 27c; do, under 5 lbs, 27c; do roosters, 16c.

Live Stock

Cattle—Shippers \$11.50@14. butcher steers, extra \$12@18.50, heif-ses, extra \$12@12.50, good to choice \$13 @12, common to fair \$7@10; cows, agtra \$9.50@10.50, good to choice \$7@ 3.50, common to fair \$5.50@6.50; canners \$6-05.50

Calves—Extra \$17.50, fair to good Hogs — Selected heavy shippers \$20.85, good to choice packers and butchers \$20.85, medium \$20@20.85, stags, \$10@18.25, common to choice heavy fat sows \$18@18.25, light shippers \$19@10.50, pigs (110 lbs and less) \$13@18. regard to using room in the Bank as a regular meeting place for the Farmers' Meetings and provide

H. O. Lamb, Secretary.

INTERESTING FACTS

Narrow Gap Agricultural Picture

Music was furnished by local talsociation so as to be able to help in ent. After the lecture was over the musicians played until 11:00 The Association produced from o'clock. This music was enjoyed

Thirty of the Agricultural Club

W. H. Jones, George Gatliff and some pure bred short horn bulls

It has been said by a number of citizens of Rockcastle county that Eggs for hatching purposes were bld for \$1.00 per setting (15 eggs)

Citizens of Rockcastle county that S. P. Caudill of Conway has one of the best bulls that has ever been in the county. This bull will be ex-This Association will put on a hibited at the Mt. Vernon fair this

There are nine infertile egg producers in southern Madison county. They have produced more than two to the people in Berea to be put up The grain growers and machine for winter use in water-glass.

Scaffold Cane Community Club 21, at Berea Bank & Trust Co. for was favored with an Agricultural the purpose of arranging for the Lantern Slide Lecture given Saturbest methods of handling wheat day night, June 21, by Prof. George crops, such as threshing, selling Roberts of the State College of Agri-

The lecture was well attended. At the close of the lecture Professor The meeting was called to order Roberts and County Agent were this community.

The County Agent visited many splendid crops, and fat, thrifty-Mr. Wilson suggested that the growing black and red pigs. The

Don't forget the Berea Agricultural Fair to be held in October. Mr. Miracle offered to furnish Now is the time to begin with the held at Berea is expected.

T. H. Seal, whose farm is on wheat for fifteen cents per bushel, Scaffold Cane ridge in Rockcastle of an acre of strawberries this year. Edgar Moore agreed to furnish He sold \$245 worth off of the threeeverything and thresh wheat at fourths of an acre on the local twenty cents, rye for twenty-five market — Berea. His farm is eight

An Urgent Celebration

By Willis Brooks.

My father was Marshal one Fourth of July,
And made a long-lasting impression,
With his sash and his sword and a
plume waving high,
As he gallantly rode a gay thoroughbred by At the head of the gorgeous pro-

In a garlanded chariot next to the band

My mother was Liberty's Goddess;
With a cap on her head and a sword in her hand,
Begowned in the stripes of our glorious land,
Set off with a star-spangled bodice.

You see, this was ever so long, long

Before they were known to each And, of course, since he wasn't so

much as her beau,
Neither one of them had any reason
to know That they were my father and mother.

Now the Marshal, you know, is expected to ride
Up and down the whole length of
the column;
And the Goddess is always supposed

As the guardian of Freedom, America's pride, With a dignity stately and solemn.

For a Marshal is one who's appointed

That the marchers are all in their And a Goddess, of course, is expected to be So far above earthly enticements that

Will indulge in no human flirtations But I've heard people say 'twas the

SIX DOORS

of the Berea Bank & Trust Co. in FOR ASPIRING YOUNG PEOPLE

sufficient chairs to accommodate 1st Door—Berea's Vocational Schools

Training that adds to your money-earning power, combined with general education.

FOR YOUNG MEN-Agriculture, Carpentry, Bricklaying, Printing, Commerce and Telegraphy. FOR YOUNG LADIES - Home Science, Dressmaking, Cooking,

cialists of the State College of Agri- Show, Saturday night, June 14, was 2nd Door-Berea's Foundation School

Nursing, Stenography and Typewriting.

General Education for those not far advanced, combined with some vocational training. No matter what your present advancement, we can put you with others like yourself and give chance for most rapid improvement.

3rd Door—Berea's English Academy Course
For those who are not expecting to teach and who are not going thru College and desire more general education. It also gives the best general education for those who wish a good start in study and expect to carry it on by themselves.

4th Door—Berea's Normal School

This gives the best training for those who expect to teach. Courses are so arranged that young people can teach through the summer and fall and attend school through the winter and spring, thus earning money to keep right on in their courses of study. Read Dinsmore's great book, "How to Teach a District School."

The 21 members of the association for Rockcastle county. This means 5th Door—Berea's Preparatory Academy Course This is the straight road to College-best training in Mathematics, Science, Languages, History and all preparatory subjects. The Academy is now Berea's largest department.

courses in all advanced subjects.

A Temporary Raise in Board is forced by war conditions. For twenty-five years the board has remained the same in Berea, but the unusual situation in which the whole country finds itself now makes it impossible for us to live on the same money as we have in the past

All students do some work with their hands from six to sixhundred dozens and are furnishing teen hours a week as janitors or in the farm, carpenter shop, printing office, laundry, boarding hall, office, etc., and receive pay which reduces their expenses.

Any able-bedied young man or young woman can get an education at Berea if there is the will to do so.

Mountain Summer School

June 6 to July 11, and July 11 to August 15

Berea College has established a Summer School to meet a distinct and growing need in the Southern Mountains. It gives a program of courses for teachers of high schools and graded schools, returning soldiers and sailors, students who wish to get college entrance credits or credits toward college degrees, and others seeking general information. The work is adapted to those who can come for five weeks, or ten weeks. There will be a special week for ministers and religious leaders, and another week for farmers.

SPECIAL FEATURES

A number of scientific and popular lectures, musical events, and motion picture entertainments will be given free of charge. There will also be excursions to nearby points of historical and scenic interest. All the resources of the entire institution will be at the disposal of the Summer School.

EXPENSES

Incidental Fee Table Board, women Room Rent	\$ 6.00	\$10.00 20.00 5.00
Totals	\$18.50	\$35.00
*Men Pay for Board	11.25	22.50
No rebates are allowed to students who we beriod for which payment has been made.	ithdraw before	the close of the

A deposit of four dollars (\$4.00) is required of all students upon entrance. This is refunded when the student leaves, provided library books, keys, etc., are returned in good order.

Special Fees	
	Ten Weeks
Business Courses	. \$5.00
Cabinet Organ, two 20 minute lessons per week Voice, Piano, or Violin, two 20 minute lessons pe	k 2.50
week	
Use of Piano, one hour per day	
Use of Organ, one hour per day	75
Use of Music Library	
Class Work in Harmony	

Applicants must bring or send a testimonial showing that they are above 15 years old, in good health and of good character. This may be signed by some former Berea student in good standing or some reliable teacher or neighbor. The use of tobacco is strictly forbidden. For information or friendly advice write to the Secretary.

MARSHALL E. VAUGHN, Berea, Ky.

Fall Term Begins September 17.

That this Marshal was so patriotic He pranced and cavorted his steed up within sight of the red, white and blue of that gown

As if held there by fetters despotic.

And that Goddess, I'm told, without turning her head, Saw each of these purposeful

And reflected her colors from cheeks blushing red Under temples of white; and her eyes it is said, Were bright with the blue of her

So, that's how it comes that the Fourth of July Provokes me to glad celebration. If the Marshal and Goddess had let it go by And taken no part, who the dickens would I Have been in the scheme of Crea-

(Copyright.)

NORTH CAROLINA WAS FIRST

Published Declaration of Independence Long Before the One Which Has Become Immortal.

North Carolina not only disputes with New England the honor of the first battle of the Revolution, and the credit of holding the first "tea party," but points with pride to its Mecklenburg Declaration of Independence, antedating that of Philadelphia by two months. The battle of Alamance was fought in 1771, admitted by at least one New England historian, Bancroft, as being the first of the Revolution. The tea party was held in front of the governor's palace at least eighty years before Boston dumped her tea in the harbor.

Therefore, all North Carolinians have a right to consider themselves descendants of the real and original "founders of liberty."

SPRING SHOWS THE HOUSEWIFE WAY TO DISPEL MONOTONY OF WINTER'S MENUS



Gathering Wild Greens Is Not Beneath the Dignity of Anyone Who Knows How Delicious Are These First Plants of Spring.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

meals more variety than has been possible during the winter, you will be interested in reading of the changes one woman, who lived in a town with a fairly good market, made in order that she might use more of the spring foods and less of the heavy foods.

For breakfast, instead of pancakes, sausages, bacon, fried potatoes, and hot breads, to which her family had been accustomed, she gave them fruits, rhubarb sauce, baked apples, stewed prunes, grapefruit, oranges, bananas, many kinds of cereal with cream, toast, and eggs prepared in various ways, not including frying.

Green Foods Forward.

For dinners, such vegetables as dandelion greens, spinach, beet greens, kale, onions, cabbaye or lettuce were always prominent. Bulky foods like cereals and fruits took the place of rich pastries and cakes. Meat was served in smaller quantities than before, and once in a while was omitted. For suppers, soups and salads became partially sweetened with figs and raisins, and sponge cake served with fruit gelatin dishes and puddings, were the favorite desserts.

The Office of Home Economics, U. S. department of agriculture, also believes in menus which introduce fresh vegetables and fruits, and has tried out the recipes given below, finding them satisfactory. These menus and the recipes for the less common dishes were given merely as suggestions for those who care to use their originality as this woman did in the preparation of spring menus. The housekeeper who lives on a farm or in a small town can follow the same plan to even better advantage, as she can usually gather many sorts of wild greens and often her own rhubarb, kale, cabbage, and spring onlons.

Some Springtime Menus.

BREAKFAST. Rhubarb Sauce. Oatmeal (cooked in fireless Poached Eggs on Toast. Coffee.

DINNER. Puree of Spinach Scalloped Potatoes Chee Creamed Cauliflower

Butter Greens and Peas Timbales with Sauce Baked Potatoes Buttered Beets Diced Fruit Conking

Grapefruit
Corn-meal Mush with Cream
Coddled Eggs Coffee DINNER

Clear Soup Salmon Loaf with Creamed Peas Mashed Potatoe Lettuce Salad with Mayonnaise Dressing Chocolate Bread Pudding SUPPER.

Eggs Florentine Butter Apple Celery and Raisin Salad on Lettuce Lemon Sherbet Cake BREAKFAST.

Bacon and Eggs Muffins DINNER. Roast Beef

Greens with Brown Tomato Sauce Rolls Butter Rhubarb Short Cake SUPPER. Potato Salad Deviled Eggs Creamed String Beans

Baking Powder Biscuit Rhubarb Marmalade How to Make Some of the Dishes. Puree of Spinach.

peck spinach (washed, picked over and cooked until tender). Drain spinach and rub through sieve. Reheat. Add:

tablespoons butter. 1 tablespoon flour.

Arrange on serving dish and garnish with hard cooked eggs.

PRUNE PUDDING. 2 cups milk
4 cup corn sirup.
3 tablespoons cornstarch.
1 teaspoon salt.
1 teaspoon vanilla.

unes, cooked Heat 1% cups of the milk in double boiler. Mix 1/4 cup cold milk with corn starch and add together with the corn sirup, prunes and salt to the hot milk. Cook twenty minutes, cool, add vanilla, and serve with cream. This recipe will make four servings.

GREENS AND PEA TIMBALES. 1 cup pea pulp. 3 tablespoons melted fat. 4 teaspoon pepper. 8 eggs. Few grains cayenne. 11/4 teaspoons salt. 10 drops onion juice.

Mix and turn into greased molds set in pan of hot water and bake un-

til firm in slow oven. Serve with If you want to give your daily white sauce, seasoned and mixed with finely chopped greens. This recipe will make eight timbales,

EGGS FLORENTINE. cup greens (cooked and cut fine).

eggs.

d cup white sauce made of:
tablespoon fat.
tablespoon flour.
tablespoon flour.
cup grated cheese. cup milk. Lightly grease six individual baking

dishes and in each put two tablespoons greens. Break eggs into cup singly and slip into baking dishes. Season with salt and pepper. The white sauce is made by heating butter and flour together until well mixed. then adding hot milk and cooking until thick. Season and pour over eggs. Sprinkle grated cheese over top of dishes and bake until brown. Serve hot.

GREENS WITH BROWN TOMATO

SAUCE.

3 tablespoons fat. 1½ teaspoons highly
½ teaspoon mustard. Seasoned sauce
Few grains cayenne.
1 teaspoon lemon
juice. (made for serving
with meats).

cup stewed and
strained tomatoes.

strained tomatoe Cook fat until well browned and add cups greens cooked until tender. This amount will make 8 average-sized servings.

CANNED MEAT USEFUL WHEN VISITORS COME

Heat and Labor on Hot Summer Days Are Saved.

Delicious Chicken Dinner Put on Table by Indiana Woman When Machine Load of City Guests Arrive Unexpectedly.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

The amount of meat canned in home kitchens has increased year by year since the process was first found to be practicable. Slowly but surely women are realizing that it is better to distribute the eating of fresh meat over many months by canning part when it is plentiful than to overeat for a few weeks and then go meatless un-

til the next season. Heat and labor on hot, busy summer days are saved by winter canning of meat, and a supply of canned fish and meat is very handy in emergencies which arise even in the best-regulated

households. A woman in White county, Indiana, did not think it practical for country women to can meat, but she did "put up" a few cans of chicken because everyone in her club was doing it. The home demonstration agent, supervised by the United States department of agriculture and the state coltege at Purdue, had given a meat-canning demonstration in the county, and when the women learned that meat could be canned, nearly all tried it. Several months after canning the meat the skeptical one was hanging the week's washing on the line, when a machine load of city guests drove in the yard. Glad as the hostess was to see them, her first thought was of the pick-up dinner she had planned giving her family that day. She was noted as a good cook, and it was hard to see her renown in that line suffer even a temporary eclipse. Then came remembrance of the canned meat. In a short time a delicious chicken dinner was on the table and her reputation as a cook was saved.

NTEREST **POUSEWIFE**

Quicklime will drive away ants. An oyster shell in the teakettle will

prevent rust. Fresh bread in the cake box will

keep the cake fresh. Tomatoes may be stuffed with celery, green peppers, onions and mince-

Empty spools dyed prettily with Eas ter dyes make entrancing playthings for small children.

IMPROVED UNIFORM INTERNATIONAL

LESSON

(By REV. P. B. FITZWATER, D. D., Teacher of English Bible in the Moody Bible Institute of Chicago.) (Copyright, 1919, by Western Newspaper Union.)

LESSON FOR JUNE 29

REVIEW: RESPONSE TO GOD'S

SELECTION FOR READING-Phil. 8: GOLDEN TEXT—I will praise thee, O ord my God, with my whole heart.—

s. 86:12.

Ps. 86:12.

PRIMARY TOPIC—Showing Our Love to Our Heavenly Father.—John 14:15.

JUNIOR TOPIC—Some Things We Have Learned About God.—John 3:16.

INTERMEDIATE TOPIC—The Marks

of a Christian.
SENIOR AND ADULT TOPIC-Some
Fundamentals of Faith and Practice.

The method of review will largely be determined by the grade of the school. The primary teacher can use the material which shows love to the Heavenly Father; the junior teacher, that which teaches about God; the intermediate teacher, the marks of a Christian; the senior and adult teacher, the fundamentals of faith and practice. As illustrative of the method for the senior and adult, note the following:

Lesson I. God who was before all things is the cause of all things. The universe came into being by the will and act of the divine personality. Man himself is a creation of God, not an evolution. All things continue to be by the preserving power of God. This great being is the Father of all who believe on Jesus Christ. We should give him our undivided affection and trust him for food and raiment.

Losson II. Jesus, the Son of God and Israel's Messiah, is the lamb who bore our sins. Out of God's love he was given, and "whosoever believeth on him shall not perish, but have everlasting life."

Lesson III. Jesus Christ rose from the dead. His resurrection guarantees: 1. The integrity of the Scriptures I Cor. 15:20)

2. The reality of the divine person (Rom. 1:4).

3. The sufficiency of Christ's atoning sacrifice (Rom. 4:25).

4. Life and immortality of the be-Hever (I Cor. 15:20).

Lesson IV. On the day of Pentecost the Holy Spirit was poured out upon the disciples, baptizing them into the one body of which Christ is the head. The gift of the Spirit peculiarly qualified the disciples to be his witnesses.

Lesson V. God created man in his likeness and image and placed him at the head of creation.

Lesson VI. Through the fall of Adam sin has passed upon all men. bringing death, physical and spiritual, and sorrow in its train.

Lesson VII. Lost men are saved absolutely by God's grace. His grace means his kindness toward men through Jesus Christ.

Lesson VIII. At the preaching of Jonah the people of Nineveh repented. Because of their repentance God's wrath was turned aside. Those who repent of their sins and cry to God for mercy through Jesus Christ shall

Lesson IX. It is only through faith that man can please God. Through faith the mightiest victories have been wrought. The grand exemplar upon whom faith can rest is Jesus Christ.

Lesson X. The grand incentive to obedience is love to God. Calling Christ Lord will not answer for disobedience to his will. Hearing and doing his teachings is building upon the solid rock. Such building can never be destroyed by flood or storm.

Lesson XI. The right motive in praying is not to attract man's attention but to have fellowship with God. God is pleased with persistency in prayer.

Lesson XII. The greatest of the Holy Spirit's gifts is love-the love of God shed abroad in our hearts. Love is not a mere sentiment or emotion, but a mighty dynamic which transforms the life, expressing itself in practical service to men. It abides

Staying Away From Church. The habit of absenting one's self from the Sunday services of the church is one that some seem to acquire very easily. It is a habit to be shunned. Sometimes it is occasioned by sickness; often some small excuse, some grudge against a member, some resentment at a fellow member's fault. is the occasion. Jesus will be there. even if an unworthy member is present. Jesus may be present especially to meet and forgive that unworthy member; and who are we that we should judge a brother or a sister?

Charity and Denial.

Brother men, one act of charity will teach us more of the love of God than a thousand sermons-one denial, than whole volumes of the wisest writers on theology .- F. W. Robertson.

Grandest Thing on Earth.

There is not a man or woman, however poor they may be, but have it in their power, by the grace of God, leave behind them the grandest thing on earth, character; and their children might rise up after them and thank God that their mother was a plous woman, or their father a plous man .- N. Macleod.

Transcends All Substance, God's will in the present moment is the daily bread which transcends all substance.-Madame Swetchine.

STANDS FOR ALL TIME

Famous Phrase of Thomas Jefferson as True in This Year 1919 as in 1776.

OVERNMENTS are instituted among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed." This fa-mous phrase was written by Thomas Jefferson, in the preamble to the Declaration, on July 4, 1776.

"Mr. Jefferson," wrote John Adams in his autobiography, referring to the events of 1776, "had been now about a year a member of congress, but had attended his duty in the house a small part of the time, and, when there, had never spoken in public. During the whole time I sat with him in congress I never heard him utter three sentences together. It will naturally be inquired how it happened that he was appointed on a committee of such importance. Mr. Jefferson had the reputation of a masterly pen."

The committee which was appoint ed to prepare the Declaration consist-



Thomas Jefferson.

ed of Benjamin Franklin, aged seventy; Roger Sherman, fifty-five; John Adams, forty; Thomas Jefferson, thirty-three, and Robert E. Livingston, twenty-nine. Franklin was the patriarch of this immortal body, and Jefferson and Livingston were both young men, with their lives practically be-

"I gave Jefferson my vote for chairman of the committee," said Adams, "and did all in my power to secure the votes of others. I think he had one more vote than any other, and that placed him at the head of the committee. I had the next highest number, and that placed me second."

"A committee was appointed to prepare a 'Declaration of Independence' "The wrote Jefferson in his notes. committee was J. Adams, Doctor Livingston and myself. . . . The committee for drafting the Declaration desired me to do it. It was accord-



Sam aury my Ju Tris

them, I reported it to the house on Friday, June 28, when it was read and ordered to lie on the table." Amid all the changes in the phrase-

ology of the Declaration before it was finally adopted, the sentence of the headline remained intact, and just as Jefferson originally presented it.

The paragraph which led up to the quoted words is always worthy of being printed, and never more so than

"We hold these truths to be self-evident, that all men are created equal, that they are endowed by their Creator with certain inalienable rights; among these are life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness. That to secure these rights, governments are instituted among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed.'

Continental's Dark Days. In the first part of the Revolution the states were taxed to provide money for feeding the army, but later they were required to send the food itself instead of money. It was then that things were at the lowest ebb for the

Continental armies.

China's Fanorama



2.38 Tepp @ E. Burton Holmes. Courtesy Travelogue Bureau. Ferry on the Peiho River.

lic notice again recently because of disorders in which cock's feather. Americans and Japanese were involved. To walk about Tientsin is to travsays a bulletin of the National Geographic society. An afternoon's stroll from the native to the British, French, Italian, Russian and other foreigh quarters gives the sensation of a magic tour through Peking, Londen, Paris, Rome and Petrograd. And the windmills among the salt mounds just outside the city add a touch of Holland. | quarters as "Seng-ko-lin-sin's folly." This panorama city has had a tem-

pestuous history. There a group of American and other foreign residents-Herbert C. Hoover among them-defeuded themselves for a month against the fanatic boxers in 1900. Since then the native city has been

known as Cheng-ll, or "Town Without Walls," because the ancient barriers the 500 doughty foreigners more than to the fourteenth century. fifty were killed and many others wounded before military aid came.

Tientsin was the scene of another famous siege, that of the Taiping rebels in 1853. Followers of Hung Sin Tsuan, who had professed Christianity and set himself up in Nanking as the "Heavenly King," marched toward Peking. But the Waterloo of the "longhaired rebels" so called because they would not plait their queues and thus signify loyalty to the Manchus, came at Tientsin. "Chinese" Gordon's Victory.

The success of the campaign against the revolutionists was due principally to the gallant "Chinese" Gordon, Gen. committee was J. Adams, Doctor Charles George Gordon, and his "ever Franklin, Roger Sherman, Robert R. victorious army." But the fact would not be suspected from reading the imperial edict issued by the former couingly done, and, before approved by Empress Dowager. The edict set forth ancient engineering, mentioned by Condue to the bountiful protection of heav- 1,000 miles long. en, to the ever-present help of our an-Chinese generals, "who have been by rail.

IENTSIN, called the panorama | combed by the wind and bathed in the city of China, came into pub- rain," and one of them was awarded the decoration of the double-eyed pea-

Commanding the native force at Tientsin was Seng-ko-lin-sin, a Mongol ger eral, who later distinguished himself less creditably. In 1860 he sought to defend Tientsin against a foreign expedition by erecting an immense mud rampant outside the city. Tientsin was captured and held for two years by the British and French and the crude defense is known in the foreign

The region about Tientsin was known as Chi-chou, under the Hşia dynasty, whose rulers, 4,000 years ago, already had court astronomers who could predict eclipses. Later it was caled Ya-chou, in the Chou dynasty, marked by the western wars waged by Mu-Wang against the "Dog Barbarians," thought to be ancestors of the were demolished during the siege. Of Huns. Tientsin dates back at least

> Immense Salt Industry. The salt industry in the neighborhood of Tientsin is prodigious. Windmills are used to pump salt water into

the fields along the Hailo river, where the widely-known Chang-lu salt is made. Before the war nearly 20,000 tons were produced annually. But Tientsin is important commercially in many respects. It is a rice market, and Siberia's tea formerly was shipped through here. Exports were as varied as the needs of the dozen or so nations which had separate settlements along five miles of the river front, and its imports were as diverse as the commodities those nations had to ex-

change. The Pelho and Hunho rivers couverge at Tientsin. From the latter to the Yangtsze-Kiang extends the Grand cubine who had elevated herself to canal, that remarkable specimen of that "this glorious victory is entirely fuclus, which originally was more than

Tientsin has more people than Boscestors and to the foresight of the em- ton. It is the principal city of Chihpress regent." A tribute is paid to the li, and is 86 miles southeast of Peking



€ E. Burton Holmes. Courtesy Travelogue Bureau Street Scene in Tientsin.

One of the Interesting Exhibits Shown at the Methodist Centenary Celebration



O prove that his soul is above worldly troubles and physical pain, this Hindu fakir nonchalantly reclines on a bed of spikes, much to the amazement of less spiritual observers. The bed of spikes will be one of the interesting exhibits shown at the Methodist Centenary Celebration, in Columbus, O., June 20 to July 13. Whether a fakir, Hindu or otherwise, can be found to demonstrate his power of endurance on it is still an unsettled question with celebration officials.

WHEN PATRIOT SPOKE

Ringing Words of Patrick Henry Are Enshrined in Hearts of All Free Men.

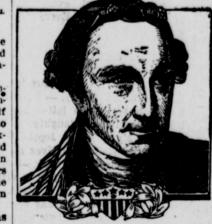
"I know not what course others may take, but as for me, give me liberty or give me death!"

THESE were the ringing, closing words of Patrick Henry on March 23, 1775, as he delivered his immortal and eloquent address in support of the resolutions passed by the second revolutionary convention of Virginia, of which he was an honored

For six months the various colonies had been making military preparations. Lord Dunmore in Virginia wrote in December, 1774, to the earl of Dartmouth:

"Every county is now arming a company of men, whom they call an independent company for the avowed purpose of protecting their committees and to be employed against the government if occasion require."

When the movement for a well-regulated militia, referred to above, was



Patrick Henry.

introduced in the revolutionary congress in Virginia, it met some opposition, not because it was premature, but because Patrick Henry came out more boldly for war than anyone in the colonies had done before that time. Nearly fifty years later Thomas Jef-ferson said: "After all, it must be allowed that Patrick Henry was our leader in the measures of the resolutions in Virginia, and in that respect more is due to him than to any other person. . . . He left us all behind."

John Roane, who heard Patrick Henry's famous speech described it to Edward Fontaine in 1834, and this manuscript is in the library of Cornell university:

"You remember, sir, the conclusion of the speech, so often declaimed in various ways by schoolboys-'Is life so dear, or peace so sweet, as to be purchased at the price of chains and slavery? Forbid it, Almighty God! I know not what course others may take, but as for me, give me liberty, or give me death!' He gave each of

able than the old one.



Old Church at Richmond, Va., Where Patrick Henry Delivered His Fanous Address.

these words a meaning which is not conveyed by the reading or delivery of them in the ordinary way.

"After a solemn pause, he raised his eyes and chained hands toward heaven, and prayed, in words and tones which thrilled every heart, 'Forbid it, Almighty God!' He then turned toward the timid loyalists of the house, who were quaking with terror at the idea of the consequences of participating in proceedings which would be visited with the penalties of treason by the British crown; and he slowly bent his form yet nearer to the earth, and said: 'I know not what course others may take,' and he accompanied the words with his hands still crossed, while he seemed to be weighted down with his emotion

"Continuing, he lifted one hand firmly, as if holding a dagger with the point aimed at his breast. He stood like a Roman senator defying Caesar, while the unconquerable spirit of Cato of Utica flashed from every feature; and he closed the grand appeal with the solemn words, 'or give me death!' which sounded with the awful cadence of a hero's dirge, fearless of death, and victorious in death; and he suited the action to the word by a blow upon the left breast with the right hand, which seemed to drive the dagger to the patriot's heart."



FIGURED IN HISTORY

Old Blue Bell Tavern, Near Philadelphia, Is Famous Revolutionary Relic.

F THE several far-extended roads reaching outward from Philadelphia, the Darby road leading along the highland southward to Chester has, from the beginning. been of the most importance in our periods of war. Strictly considered, the road to Chester is not a highway. It is maintained as a turnpike under the control of a company which exacts a rate of toll which yields an income, it is stated, nearly equal to the capital stock involved.

There is testimony that the first float bridge spanning the Schuylkill river was built on this road at Gray's ferry under the direction of Gen. Israel Putnam. It was removed a few months later to keep the British out of Philadelphia. Captain Montressor's clever engineers, however, replaced it,



The Famous Blue Bell Tavern of Revolutionary Days.

and the new bridge was more service-

There was plenty of going and coming at Gray's ferry in the winter of Valley Forge, as a considerable portion of Howe's army was "hutted," as Maj. John Andre recorded in his diary, along the Darby road for three miles. When the British withdrew from Philadelphia, in June, 1778, they destroyed the float bridges.

In April, 1789, the Gray's ferry float bridge was decorated in honor of the journey of Washington to New York. At the foot of the hill, close by Cobb's creek, a border stream of the city, is the "Blue Bell" of Paschalville, now happily saved and safe upon park seil of the municipality. The original bridge across the creek was built about forty years before the Revolution. At that time a very old grist mill, which had been built by the Swedish Governor Printz, stood beside the creek. It is said to have been the first mill operated in Pennsylvania. In Penn's time it was acquired by William Cobb, hence the name of the stream. The original Blue Bell tavern was a small wooden building, but the existing structure antedates the Revolution, at which time it was a popular stage house conducted by the Paschal family. Robert Morton, a youth of Philadelphia, wrote in his diary under date

of November, 1777: "This evening Lord Cornwallis with 2.500 men marched over the bridge at the middle ferry. With the intentions, as supposed, to attack the fort at Red Bank.

The next morning, while on their march toward Darby, an American picket, concealed in the Blue Bell, fired upon the advance and killed two grenadiers. Five of the Americans were bayoneted in the tavern.

Great Patriot's Worthy Life.

Patrick Henry retired from office, a opular man, but a tired one, and went to live on a new estate, called Leatherwood, consisting of 10,000 acres. The people were not willing that he should live a quiet life and elected him governor again in 1784, after which he practiced law and won great renown

as a criminal lawyer. He died very peacefully at Red Hill in 1799, taking great comfort in the Christian religion, which throughout his life had given him not only comfort but courage and hope.

Birthday of Liberator. The Fourth of July, as it happens, is the birthday of a great Italian and lover of liberty, Garibaldi, born July 4 1807.

East Kentucky Correspondence News You Get Nowhere Else

No correspondence published unless signed in full by the writer. The name is not for publication, but as an evidence of good faith. Write plainly.

MADISON COUTNY

Panola, June 23. - We are having a much needed rain. - Sunday school was organized at Knob Lick school house with the following officers, viz: Roland Richardson, superintendent; Wallace Chrisman, assistant superintendent; Minerva Kindred, secretary. - Mr. and Mrs. Douglas Young spent the week end with Mrs. Young's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Kindred, accompanied by two of their daughters, Stella and Mossie. - Mrs. John Chrisman is very ill. - Friends are glad to see Miss Merle Wilson home from the E. K. S. N. for the summer vacation. - Mr. and Mrs. Cole Cox and family spent the day with Mr. and Mrs. Wallace Chrisman Sunday. - Miss Martha Carr spent last week with her sister, Mrs. Wallace Chrisman. - Miss Flossie Farthing spent the day with Minerva Kindred Sunday. - Miss Bertha Farthing of Indiana is visiting relatives at this place. - Jeff Gentry's home was struck by lightning last week, causing considerable damage. -Clarence Benge visited his aunt, last week with her daughter at this visiting for the past week. — Miss Amanda Todd, of Duluth, Saturday place. — Mr. and Mrs. Jeptha Wolf and Sunday. — Edward Kindred and of Annville visited relatives at this panied by her sister, Mrs. Blaine Clella Kindred attended Sunday place Saturday and Sunday. — Mrs. Dean, of Falmouth, visited their school at Knob Lick. — Edward Cora Gabbard of Lexington is visit-Kindred and David Benge leave to- ing her parents at this place. — —Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Wynn and Mr. day for Illinois to work the re- Sherman Tincher, who has been in and Mrs D. H Smith with their mainder of the year.—Aunt Miriam the U. S. service for two years, is families were visiting in Conway Cox is spending two weeks with her children near Richmond.

proud parents of a fine girl, born Rice is slowly improving. the 18th. - Mrs. Callie Dozier and little son visited her daughter. Mrs. Ernest Parks, last Thursday. - Mr. and Mrs. Albert Powell were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Little Glossip ers are trying to save their wheat Sunday afternoon. - J. C. Bush of crops, so they are utilizing the Richmond is visiting his aunt, Mrs. Sabbath day for harvesting. - Mr. Luther Todd .- Little Jessie Glossip and Mrs. Joe Garrett, of Lexington, who has been sick for three weeks Ill., who are making an extended and Martha B. Fowler, Guardian is better. - Mrs. George Bishop visit at Levee, were dinner guests etc., spent Sunday evening with Mrs. at the home of Mr. and Mrs. G. W. M A. Bates. - Henry Simpson and Bush last Tuesday and also spent a daughter, Anna, spent Sunday with night with J. F. Smith, who is an Mr. and Mrs. Lee Peters.

Big Hill

May. - The people that were a nice bunch of stock hogs to a burned in the explosion from a Winchester party at 17 cents a are expecting to drill deeper. - medical corps for nine months. -Had some nice music at P. H. Hayes' The Sunday school at this place is the other night, made by Mr. and progressing nicely under the di-Miss Rhoda Settle and Charlie Eli Blevins, of Irving, was with Neeley were married last Thursday relatives here last week. - We send in Richmond. - Mrs. Grant Abrams best wishes to The Citizen corre-

GARRARD COUNTY Paint Lick

Paint Lick, June 23. - Mrs. Bob Conn of Lancaster spent last week Jim Morgan received a message fever, but is doing very nicely.

that his father there was dying. -Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Wynn and family spent Sunday in Lexington.

OWSLEY COUNTY

Major Major, June 23. - There was church at Union Friday night, Saturday night and Sunday morning, with the Rev. Mr. Scott as minister. -Miss Cassie Seale returned from Berea Tuesday. - Tom Roberts of Clay county was in Major visiting relatives and friends Sunday and Menday. - Miss Sarah Lutes of Lee county is visiting in Owsley at present. - Mrs. Grace Hamilton and children and Harvey Evans of Madison are visiting in Owsley at present. - Miss May Hale was the guest of Florence Roberts Saturday night. Sunday school every Sunday afternoon at 2:30. Everybody in-

CLAY COUNTY Vine

Coyle June 23. - Farmers in this daughter, of Lancaster, are visit- day. - Charley McCollum is planvicinity are busy cutting wheat and ing relatives at this place. - Mrs. ning to go to Cincinnati and Dayton getting ready for their meadows .- Lucy Creech of Garrard county is this week to buy himself a car. -Mr. and Mrs. H. G. Cox visited Mrs. visiting her parents at this place. The Rev. B. H. Crider of Harlan Cox's mother, Mrs. Jiles Hunter, of | - Miss Nannie Bowman, who has county preached at Conway Sunday. Needmore last Sunday. - Mr. and been employed in Hamilton, O., is Several from this place attended Mrs. Elgie Lake visited Mr. and Mrs. with homefolks again. - Mr. and the "Holy Roller" meeting on Brin-Robert Lake Sunday afternoon. - Mrs. Jesse Lan of Ohio are visiting dle Ridge Sunday. Mr. and Mrs. Claude Todd are the relatives at this place. - Mrs. H. H.

POWELL COUNTY Vaughn's Mill

Vaughn's Mill. June 23. - Farmuncle of Mrs. Garrett. - B. F. Curtis were delayed so by the rains in at Fixer. - Harrison Strange sold is able to be up and stirring about. spondents, who help to make it the best weekly in the South.

OWSLEY COUNTY Travelers' Rest

Travelers' Rest, June 22. - Dr. with her sons, Hugh and Henry. - J A. Mahaffey of Richmond was a U. M. Burgess was a Richmond vis- visitor at the home of E. F. McColiotr Tuesday. - Mrs. DeWitt and lum from Saturday until Monday. daughter, Jessie, of Frankfort were -John D. Creech of Santiago, Calif., guests of Mr. and Mrs. Bennett is here for a three weeks' visit Roope last week. - Lee Ledford and with his parents and other relafamily have moved into the Parks tives. - Harrison Phillips of West Flat and Lee is again in the store Virginia is visiting relatives here business with his brother, R. H. at the present time. - Roy Flanery, Ledford. - Mrs. John Metcalf and an over seas man, was joyfully retwo children spent Sunday with ceived home Friday night. - The her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John following persons were entertained Davis, on White Lick. - Frank, at dinner at the home of Mr. and William and Edmond Ralston have Mrs. W. P. Minter Sunday: Dr. J. A. returned home from over seas. - Mahaffey, Mrs Lucy Ann Mahaffey, Mr. and Mrs. Wilder of Berea were Mrs. Sarah Andrew, Mrs. Rhoda guests Sunday of Mr. and Mr. A.B. Ceeil and two sons, Mr. and Mrs. Wynn. - Mrs. Lonnie Stowe was F. F. McCollum and son, Kenneth. quite sick the first of the week. - - Miss Lizzie Herd has typhoid Sunday morning from Versailles The oil well on the farm of William

No More War Flour Potts' GOLD DUST Flour

Returns to its before-the-war high standard of quality

Once Tried - - - Always Used

Gabbard has not been drilled in yet as the machinery broke down 62 feet in the sand. The report is that there is a fine showing for oil.

ROCKCASTLE COUNTY

Boone, June 23. - Mr. Shumaker s conducting a singing school at Fair View with good attendance .-Mrs. Lucy Beldon and daughter, Miss Susie, are visiting friends and relatives at Richmond and Flemonburg Junction this week. - Miss Mary Rich of Rockford was visiting Miss Julia Grant Saturday and Sunday. - Born to Mr. and Mrs. Lige Hammons a big girl. Mother and baby are doing fine. - Mrs. James Grant was visiting Mrs. Will Rich last Sunday. - The farmers are all smiles over the good rains. Gardens were getting very dry. - Mr. and Mrs. John Wren were visiting their son, Lee, on Scaffold Cane pike Sunday. - There was a burial at Fair View cemetery Saturday afternoon. A grandchild of Simon Isaacs, cause of death unknown. The bereaved ones have our sympathy.

Conway

Conway, June 24. - We are having some good rains this week. Mrs. Gertrude Rice and her sisters Vine, June 21. - The flux is rag- Misses Virgie and Marie Bailey, reing in this community. - Mrs. M. L. turned home yesterday from Jack-Ferguson spent the latter part of son county where they have been at home. - Mrs. Etta Estridge, who Sunday. - Mr. and Mrs. Troy Dailey has flux, is not expected to live. - were dinner guests of Mr. and Mrs Mrs. Kizzie Pennington and little Will Owens on Copper Creek, Sun-

COMMISSIONER'S SALE

Rockcastle Circuit Court

MARTHA B. FOWLER, individually. PLAINTIFF

NOTICE OF COMMISSIONER'S SALE IVORY ANGLIN, etc. DEFENDANTS. By virtue of jugdment and order spent part of last week with rela- of sale of the Rockcastle Circuit the refusal of Brig. Gen. James B. Er-Big Hill, June 23. — People are tives. He is employed at present catching up with their crops that with the Cumberland Pipe Line Co. undersigned will, on

Monday, July 21st, 1919,

being regular County Court day for drill boiler while drilling on Philip pound. - The Rev. S. V. Lorison said county, between the hours of listas on the Mexican federal garrison Hayes' place are better. No one was of Clay City preached at the school 1:00 o'clock and 4:00 o'clock p. m., killed but all had a narrow risk. - house last Saturday and Sunday .- at the front door of the court house Plenty of gas and some oil were Private Walter Curtis has returned in Mt. Vernon, Ky., proceed to exfound from a shallow well. They from France. He served with the pose to public sale, to the highest and best bidder, the following described tract of land, located in Rockcastle county, Ky., on Clear Mrs. Chasteen and John Delong. - rection of E. Falk Harris. - Mrs. Creek, and bounded and described as follows:

Bounded on the north by the lands of W. A. Hammonds: on the east by the lands of Henry Abney; on the south by the lands of John Cope; and on the west by the lands of Spencer Abney, containing about 300 acres.

The following tracts, however vith the right of way as herein set out are excluded from said bound-

1st Tract. Beginning at a stake on the top of a ridge in Kizzie Hansberry's line; thence running a straight line down the hill to a sugar tree; thence to a stone corner on the side of the county road; thence with the county road to the creek; thence with the old creek bed, up the creek to Kiziah Hansbery's line, and being the west side of the John A. Anglin and Mary A. Anglin tract of land.

2nd tract. Beginning at a stake in Henry Abney's line, running with a double mulberry a straight line up the hill to a stake in R. J. West's line on top of the ridge, including the right of way over the land between Martha B. Anglin and others, and running with Henry Abney's line to the county road.

Sale to be made on a credit of six months; purchaser will be required to give bond with approved security for the payment of the purchase money, to have the force and effect of a judgment, bearing legal interest from date of sale, with a lien reserved on said land until all the purchase money is paid.

GORDON F. HAMBY



Gordon Fawcett Hamby, alias J. B. Allan, taken from Tacoma, Wash., to New York to be tried for the murder of two men when he robbed the East Brooklyn Savings bank last December. admits he has committed two train robberies and thirteen bank holdups.

U.S.WATCHING MEXICO

To Send Troops Across Border miles in competition with it. If Reprisals Are Taken.

Military Observers in Washington Place Little Credence on Reports Villa Has Abandoned Offensive.

Washington, June 23.-Development along the southern border and within Mexico itself, it was learned officially, has brought a radical change in the attitude of this government toward Mexico. It can be stated on positive authority that "watchful waiting" has been discarded for "watchful preparedness."

The war department has perfected plans to throw a punitive expedition of adequate strength across the Rio Grande the moment official word is received of reprisals on the part of Villa for the Juarez incident, or in case of other contingencies tending to bring the Mexican situation again to a stage approaching the crisis of last Sunday. Orders for the advance of this column, however, it was said, would be accompanied by instructions for the military occupation of territory necessary to insure the safety of the expedition and absolute protection of the border through the creation of a neutral zone south of the line.

Further movement of the expedition would depend entirely on subsequent developments. Military observers here place little

credence in the reports that Villa has abandoned his offensive to the north. El Paso, Tex., June 23.-Following win, commander of the border district here, to exchange any communication whatever with Gen. Filing Angeles the subject of the reason for the cross ing of American troops into Juarez Sunday night during the attack by Vilthere, interest in the border situation shifted to the little town of Las Palo mas, across the international boundary line from Columbus, N. M. Epifanio Holguin, a revolutionary leader, yesterday sent a demand to the comman der of the fiscal guards, the only force in the town, that they surrender immediately. The commander of the guard replied that if Holguin wanted Las Pal- Constitution. He sustained the demuromas he must capture it. What military force Holguin has at his command the petition, asking for a referendum is not known here.

Nogales, Ariz., June 23.—Sixteen thousand rounds of ammunition, consignees unknown, were seized by customs guards at the international boundary line here, when an American driving a high-powered automobile at- of the legislature and resolutions tempted to cross into Mexico. The name of the American placed under arrest was withheld by the officers.

NEW PREMIER FOR ITALY

King Emmanuel Requests Francesc Nittl, Former Foreign Minister, to Form New Cabinet.

Rome, June 23.-King Victor Emnanuel has requested Francesco Nitti, former minister of the treasury, to form a cabinet, the Giornale d'Italia announces semiofficially. Former Pre mier Tittoni will be foreign minister, it is added. After an interview with Premier Orlando, who resigned, the king began a consultation with the dents of the senate and chamber of deputies and leading politicians concerning a solution of the political

TAKE 60 BODIES FROM RUINS

and Children Trampled Theater Burna

San Juan, Porto Rico, June 23 .-Sixty bodies now have been recovered from the ruins of a motion-picture theater at Mayaguez, destroyed by fire, according to latest reports. The injured number 150, many of whom may Women and children were trampled or crushed to death in the panic that followed the alarm of fire. The frame theater building was G. S. GRIFFIN, M. C., R. C. C. stroyed within fifteen minutes.

Public Action Must Now Force Right Handling of Private Timberlands

By HENRY S. GRAVES, U. S Forester



The time has come for constructive public action that will bring about a right handling of our private timber lands. The practice of forestry on private timber lands is entirely possible, when coupled with a liberal policy of public co-operation and assistance. Such public help should be provided and forestry be made man-

Our country is progressively destroying its forests. The consequences are very far-reaching. The exhaustion of the forest is followed by the closing of industries, the steady increase of waste lands, the abandonment of farms that depend for their market on the lumber communities, and the impoverishment of many regions.

No section of the country can afford to have a large part of its land an unproductive waste, with the loss of taxable values, of industries and of population that would be supported if these lands were productive. No section can afford to be dependent for its supplies of wood products on another section from one to three thousand miles away.

The leaders of the southern pine industry say that the original supplies of pine in the South will be exhausted in ten years, and that within five to seven years more than three thousand mills will go out of existence. Already there is an acute problem of supplies for paper mills and for other industries in the East which use specialized material. Pacific coast timber s entering the eastern markets. This means that the price of homegrown timber has risen to a point making it possible to ship timber 3,000

Timber land owners have not recognized an obligation to prevent their properties from becoming a source of injury to the community. Even in organized fire protection the chief effort is confined to the stands of merchantable timber. The character of the forest problem is such as to require the participation and direction of the public. We are not going to meet the situation until the public takes hold of it.

There should be compulsory fire protection of cut-over lands as well as standing timber. The public should prohibit destructive methods of cutting that injure the community and the public at large.

At the same time there should be recognized a public obligation not to throw the entire burden on private owners through merely restrictive measures, but liberal action to aid owners in introducing forestry should be taken. The public should provide a sane system of taxation; it should co-operate in such problems as overproduction of lumber, land classification, colonization, problems of labor, technical questions relating to methods of practice, and other economic, industrial and technical matters involved in a constructive program of forestry.

KENTUCKY FAIR DATES

Following is a list of the Kentucky fairs and their dates, so far omissions or corrections.

July 23-Mt. Sterling, 4 days. July 29-Harrodsburg, 4 days. August 5-Taylorsville, 4 days. August 5-Uniontown, 5 days. August 6-Grayson, 4 days. August 12-Fern Creek, 4 days. August 13-Perryville, 3 days. August 13-Mt. Vernon, 3 days. August 18-Lawrenceburg, 5 days. August 20-Liberty, 3 days.

RULES AGAINST DRY VOTE it.

Judge G. W. Hendricks Says Voters of Arkansas Have No Right to Pass on Action of Legislature.

Little Rock, Ark., June 23.-Circuit Judge G. W. Hendricks held that the voters of Arkansas have not the right to pass on the action of the recent Aransas legislature in ratifying the prohibition amendment to the federal rer of Attorney General Arbuckle to on the action of the legislature. The case will be appealed to the Arkansas supreme court at once. Judge Hendricks ruled that the initiative and referendum amendment to the Arkansas constitution distinguished between acts adopted by the legislature, and that it makes no provisions for a referendum vote on the resolution adopted.

U. S. TO SEND "REDS" HOME

Wholesale Deportation of Bolsheviki to Be Made on Returning Troopships.

New York, June 23.-Information that the government has under consideration wholesale deportations of bolsheviki, anarchists and other radicals in this country was obtained here from what was considered an authoritative federal source. It was declared that the plan called for using returning troop ships to take alien agitators back to their native lands.

Ukrainiane Hit Tarnapol. Warsaw, June 23.-Dispatches re-

reived from the frontier of eastern Galicia state that the Ukrainian army is concentrated between Gbrucz and the Dniester river. The Ukrainians have attacked Tarnopol and have pene-trated the town. The population is knowed wot sin was afore Mr. Meek

THE USE OF LUXURIES

The New York World reports that importation of precious stones as have been reported to us. Sec- from the city of London alone retaries are asked to report any amounted to \$15,000,000 for five months ending May 31, as against \$8,000,000 the previous year. High import duties are also being paid on great quantities of laces, perfumery, fancy underwear, silks, furs, antiques, silver and glass articles, and other superfluities.

Many people who displayed economy during the war, are now getting back to free spending. A August 19-Shepherdsville, 4 days. vast amount of new wealth has been made, and some people are bothered to know what to do with

Meanwhile capital brings high rates of interest. The savings of the country are not sufficient to develop its resources. Great waterpowers flow to the sea unharnessed. Vast tracts having all elements of fertility but lacking water, remain arid, because funds cannot be raised to develop irrigation. Millions of farmers would raise bigger crops, if they could get loans to provide better equipment.

As a result of this failure to develop resources, prices of food and other raw materials are very high. The mass of the people find it difficult to live in a comfortable and decent way and educate their children.

The excuse is given for spending money for luxuries, that it keeps labor employed. Yet if the money spent on superfluities, was put into capital and spent in developing resources of the country, just as much! labor would be employed. In addition, a permanent betterment would be made to the national resources, facilitating production and reducing prices. When people spend money on superfluities, they help thwart the development of the country, and help keep the mass of the people suffering from hard economic conditions.

The Rev. Mr. Meek, the new minister: "I-er, hope you enjoyed my lecture to women the other night, Mrs. Hodge."

Mrs. Hodge: "O! yes, sir. I says to 'Odge arterwards, I says, 'None of us women in this 'ere village come 'ere!' I says."

CALVES—POULTRY

Caif Market today (17), 181/2. The very high price of calf hides weighing under 16 pounds is booming the price of calves. Spring Chicken 50 cents per lb., Hens 29. Roosters 15. You will get more money out of a two pound chicken than you will one twice that beavy, later. Will furnish you coops weighing 15 pounds each, saving a lot on your express charges and will furnish you metal tags for your calf shipments. Write us and ship quick while prices are high.

FRANK G. DAY & CO.

Cincinati, Ohio